# Tokyo Electric Power Company Holdings, Inc.

April 26, 2018

## Notice concerning Extraordinary Income and Loss

As to the financial results for consolidated the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018 released today, Tokyo Electric Power Company Holdings, Incorporated (TEPCO HD) hereby makes a notice concerning extraordinary income and loss. The details are as follows.

## 1. Extraordinary Income

Grants-in-aid from Nuclear Damage Compensation and Decommissioning Facilitation Corporation

As TEPCO HD requested change of the amount of financial assistance under the article of Nuclear Damage Compensation and Decommissioning Facilitation Corporation Act (Act No. 94 of August 10, 2011), the company has recognized Grants-in-aid from Nuclear Damage Compensation and Decommissioning Facilitation Corporation of 381.9 billion yen as an extraordinary income. (The amount of grants-in-aid from Nuclear Damage Compensation and Decommissioning Facilitation Corporation was 128.6 billion yen by the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2017.)

#### 2. Extraordinary Loss

## (1) Extraordinary loss on disaster

TEPCO HD has recognized expenses and losses for restoring facilities damaged by the Tohoku-Chihou-Taiheiyo-Oki Earthquake of 21.3 billion yen as an extraordinary loss on disaster.

## (2) Expenses for nuclear damage compensations

Based on the Governmental compensation guidelines such as the "Interim Guidelines for the Scope of Nuclear Damage due to the Accident at Fukushima Daiichi and Daini Power Stations" adopted by the Dispute Reconciliation Committee for Nuclear Damage Compensation, TEPCO HD has updated the estimate of its nuclear damage compensations caused by the accident at Fukushima Nuclear Power Stations as 10,392.2 billion yen so far. By the end of the fiscal 2017, TEPCO HD has recognized the expenses for nuclear damage compensations of 7,036.0 billion yen, deducting the amount of the Governmental indemnity paid to the company according to the Act on Contracts for Indemnification of Nuclear Damage (Act No. 148 of June 17, 1961) of 188.9 billion yen and grants-in-aid corresponding to that of decontamination expenses of 3,167.2 billion yen from the estimate. Thus, 286.8 billion yen, the difference between the revised estimate and the fiscal 2016 estimate, was additionally recorded as the expenses for nuclear damage compensations by the end of the fiscal 2017. (The amount of expenses for nuclear damage compensations was 139.3 billion yen by the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2017.)

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## Tokyo Electric Power Company Holdings, Inc.

## <Reference>

## **Breakdown of Extraordinary Income (Consolidated)**

(Unit: Billion Yen)

Breakdown	Amount
Grants-in-aid from Nuclear Damage Compensation and Decommissioning Facilitation Corporation	381.9
Total	381.9

#### **Breakdown of Extraordinary Loss (Consolidated)**

(Unit: Billion Yen)

Breakdown	Amount
Extraordinary loss on disaster	21.3
Expenses for Nuclear Damage Compensations	286.8
Total	308.1

# Status of Grants-in-aid from Nuclear Damage Compensation and Decommissioning Facilitation Corporation and Expenses for Nuclear Damage Compensations

(Unit: Billion Yen)

	Cumulative amount at	Cumulative amount at	
	the time of application	the time of application	FY2017
	on March 27, 2018	on December 27, 2016	
Grants-in-aid from			
Nuclear Damage	(A)	(D)	(A) (B)
Compensation and	(A) 7,033.3	(B)	(A) – (B) 381.9
Decommissioning	1,033.3	6,651.3	301.9
Facilitation Corporation			

(Unit: Billion ven)

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	Cumulative amount as	Cumulative amount as	FY2017
	of March 31, 2018	of March 31, 2017	
Expenses for Nuclear	(C)	(D)	(C) - (D)
Damage Compensations	7,036.0	6,749.1	286.8

(Unit: Billion Yen)

Grants-in-aid from Nuclear Damage Compensation and	(C) - (A)
Decommissioning Facilitation Corporation	
(unapplied amount as of the end of FY2017)	2.6

This English translation has been prepared with the intention of creating an accurate and complete reflection of the original Japanese version for the convenience of our English-speaking audience. However, if there are any discrepancies between the translation and the original, the latter shall prevail.