Reference

Nuclides Analysis Result of the Radioactive Materials in the Air at the Opening of Buildings at Fukushima Daiichi NPS

(Data summarized on May 26)

Place of Sampling	Unit 3 Waste Treatment Building (West Side Opening)						② Density Limit Specified by the Reactor Regulation (Bq/cm³) (Density limit in the air which radiation workers
Time of Sampling	May 13, 2014 9:34 AM -10:34 AM						
Detected Nuclides (Half- life)	①Density of Sample (Bq/cm³)	Scaling Factor (①/②)	①Density of Sample (Bq/cm³)	Scaling Factor (①/②)	①Density of Sample (Bq/cm³)	Scaling Factor (1)/2)	breathe in is specified in section 4 of Appendix 2)
I-131 (Approx. 8 days)	ND	1					1E-03
Cs-134 (Approx. 2 years)	6.8E-06	0.00					2E-03
Cs-137 (Approx. 30 years)	1.3E-05	0.00					3E-03

^{*} The radioactivity density is the sum of the volatile nuclides density and the particulate nuclides density.

O.OE-O is the same as $O.O \times 10^{-O}$

Data of other nuclides is under examination.

The detection limits are as follows. Volatile: I-131: Approx. 4E-6Bq/cm³, Cs-134: Approx.8E-6Bq/cm³, Cs-137: Approx.1E-5Bq/cm³ Particulate: I-131: Approx. 2E-6Bq/cm³ As the detection limit may vary depending on the detectors and sample properties, there are cases where nuclides below the detection limit are detected.

^{*} In the case of more than 2 nuclides, the sum of scaling factors to density limits is compared to 1.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ "ND" indicates that the measurement result is below the detection limit.