

Plant Status of Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station

April 4, 2012
Tokyo Electric Power Company

<1. Status of the Nuclear Reactor and the Primary Containment Vessel> (As of April 4 at 11:00 am)

| Unit | Status of water injection | | Reactor pressure vessel bottom temp. | Pressure of primary containment vessel ^{*1} | Hydrogen density of primary containment vessel |
|--------|---------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Unit 1 | Injecting Fresh water | Core Spray System: Approx.2.0 m ³ /h | 24.4 °C | 103.2 kPa abs | A system:0.00 vol% B system:0.00 vol% |
| | | Feed Water System: Approx.4.9 m ³ /h | | | |
| Unit 2 | Injecting Fresh water | Core Spray System: Approx.6.1 m ³ /h | 51.1 °C | 23.84 kPa g | A system:0.21 vol% B system:0.21 vol% |
| | | Feed Water System: Approx.2.8 m ³ /h | | | |
| Unit 3 | Injecting Fresh water | Core Spray System: Approx.5.1 m ³ /h | 55.5 °C | 0.26 kPa g | A system:0.19 vol% B system:0.17 vol% |
| | | Feed Water System: Approx.1.9 m ³ /h | | | |

*1: absolute pressure (kPa abs) = gauge pressure (kPa g) + atmosphere pressure (normal atmosphere pressure 101.3 kPa).

[Unit 1] ·4/3

Xe-135 monitored by the noble gas monitoring system of the gas control system of PCV was $1.6 \sim 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{Bq/cm}^3$, and we confirmed it did not exceed the limit of judgment standard of recriticality, which is 1Bq/cm^3 .

[Unit 2] ·4/3

We conducted gas sampling of the gas control system of PCV. According to our analysis, Xe-135 monitored at the entrance of the system was below the detection limit ($1.1 \times 10^{-1} \text{Bq/cm}^3$), and it did not exceed the limit of judgment standard of recriticality, which is 1Bq/cm^3 . In addition, Xe-135 monitored by the noble gas monitoring system of the gas control system of PCV was below the detection limit ($2.3 \sim 2.4 \times 10^{-1} \text{Bq/cm}^3$), and we confirmed it did not exceed the limit of judgment standard of recriticality, which is 1Bq/cm^3 .

[Unit 3] ·4/3

Xe-135 monitored by the noble gas monitoring system of the gas control system of PCV was ($3.5 \times 10^{-1} \text{Bq/cm}^3$), and we confirmed it did not exceed the limit of judgment standard of recriticality, which is 1Bq/cm^3 .

[Injection of Nitrogen Gas] ·4/4

Approx 10:55 am A TEPCO employee found the measurement flow volume of the nitrogen injection line to PCV of Unit 1-3 and RPV was 0 m³/h. After that we checked the equipment and found the Nitrogen supply system (Nitrogen/Gas separator B) was stopped due to failure alert of compressor.

12:16 pm We started a stand-by Nitrogen supply system (Nitrogen/Gas separator A) and at 12:29 pm, we restarted the Nitrogen supply to PCV of Unit 1-3 and RPV. No significant changes of pressure of PCV of Unit 1-3 and density of Hydrogen were confirmed.

<2. Status of the Spent Fuel Pool > (As of April 4 at 11:00 am)

| Unit | Cooling type | Status of cooling | Temperature of water in Spent Fuel Pool |
|--------|----------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Unit 1 | Circulating Cooling System | Under operation | 15.0 °C |
| Unit 2 | Circulating Cooling System | Under operation | 16.2 °C |
| Unit 3 | Circulating Cooling System | Under operation | 15.7 °C |
| Unit 4 | Circulating Cooling System | Under operation | 26°C |

[Unit 3] ·4/4

1:50 pm In the alternative cooling system for spent fuel pool, since we observed that the suction pressure of the circulating pump of the primary system tended to decrease, we temporarily stopped cooling the spent fuel pool by stopping the operation of the pump, in order to flash the suction strainer of the pump (Water temperature in the pool at the time of stop of operation: approx. 26 °C).

3:01 pm After the flashing, we restarted the pump and cooling the spent fuel pool, and confirmed the recovery of its suction pressure. (Water temperature in the pool at the time of stop of operation: approx. 26 °C).

<3. Status of Water Transfer from the Basement Floor of the Turbine Building etc.>

| Unit | Draining water source | Place transferred | Status |
|--------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Unit 2 | Unit 2 T/B | Central Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility [Miscellaneous Solid Waste Volume Reduction Treatment Building (High Temperature Incinerator Building)] | 10:14 am on March 20 - Transferring |
| Unit 3 | Unit 3 T/B | Central Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility [Miscellaneous Solid Waste Volume Reduction Treatment Building(High Temperature Incinerator Building)] | 10:08 am on April 3 - Transferring |
| Unit 6 | Unit 6 T/B | Temporary tank | 10:00 am to 4:00 pm on April 4 - Transferred |

<4. Status of the Treatment Facility and the Storage Facility > (As of April 4 at 7:00 am)

| Facility | Cesium adsorption apparatus | Secondary Cesium adsorption apparatus (SARRY) | Decontamination instruments | Water desalinations (reverse osmosis membrane) | Water desalinations (evaporative concentration) |
|------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Operating status | Operation | Operation * | Shutdown | Operating intermittently according to the water balance | Operating intermittently according to the water balance |

* Cleaning of filter is in progress.

- From June 8, 2011: Large tanks to store contaminated and decontaminated water are transported and installed.

<5. Others>

- October 7, 2011~: Continuously implementing water spray using water after purifying accumulated water of Unit 5 and Unit 6 to prevent spontaneous fire of trimmed trees and diffusion of dust.
- February 23, 2012~: Test of drawing water in the Unit 6 sub drain to the temporary tank through the temporarily storage tank was implemented.
- March 6, 2012~: Test of drawing water in the Unit 5 sub drain to the temporary tank through the temporarily storage tank was implemented.
- March 14, 2012~: In order to prevent the diffusion of ocean soil, we started the full-scale covering work of seafloor by solidification soil (covering material).

END