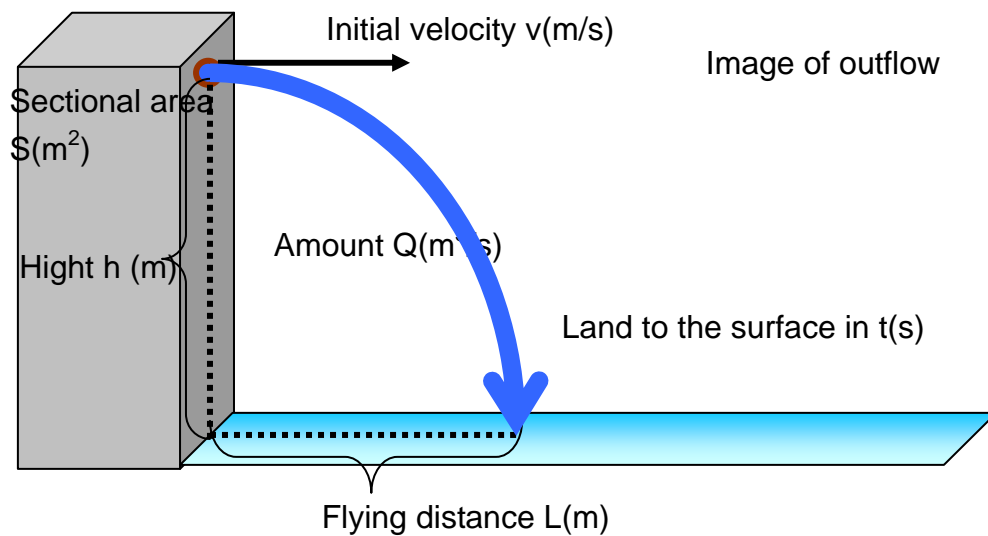


## Method taken to estimate amount of flow



Assuming the flowed liquid free-falls, calculate the amount by applying the formulas below based on the flying distances and heights.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{Free-fall} \\
 \text{vertically}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 h = \frac{1}{2} g t^2
 \quad
 t = \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{Uniform motion} \\
 \text{horizontally}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 v = \frac{L}{t} = \frac{L}{\sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}}}
 \quad
 \text{Amount } Q = S v = \frac{SL}{\sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}}} \dots$$

< Assumptions >

Diameter of a duct	: 10 ( cm )
Width of water flow	: 6 ( cm )
Sectional area of water flow in a duct	: $S = 4.1 \times 10^{-4} ( m^2 )$
Flying distance	: $L = 0.50 ( m )$
Height	: $h = 1.27 ( m )$
Gravity acceleration	: $g = 9.8 ( m/s^2 )$

Calculate the amount by inputting the assumptions above into the formula as follows;

$$Q = \frac{SL}{\sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}}} \times 4 = \frac{4.1 \times 10^{-4} \times 0.5}{\sqrt{\frac{2 \times 1.27}{9.8}}} \times 4 = 1.6 \times 10^{-3} ( m^3 / s ) \quad 6 ( m^3 / h )$$