Situation of Storage and Treatment of Accumulated Water including Highly Concentrated Radioactive Materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (285th Release)

January 6, 2016 Tokyo Electric Power Company Holdings, Inc.

1. Introduction

This document is to report the following matters in accordance with the instruction of "Installment of treatment facility and storing facility of water including highly concentrated radioactive materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station of the Tokyo Electric Power Company (Instruction) "(NISA No. 6, June 8, 2011), dated on June 9, 2011.

<Instruction>

TEPCO should report to NISA the situation of storing and treatment of the contaminated water in the Power Station and the future forecast based upon the current situation has to be reported to NISA as soon as the treatment facility starts its operation. Also, subsequently, continued report has to be submitted to NISA once a week until the treatment of the accumulated water in the Central Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility is completed.

2. Situation of storing and treatment of accumulated water in the building (actual record)

Stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)) and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility as of December 29, 2016 and January 5, 2017 are shown in the Attachment -1.

3. Forecast of storing and treatment

(1) Short term forecast

Water transfer is planned so that the levels of the accumulated water in Units 1 and 2 and Units 3 and 4 building will be maintained around at the level of OP. 3,000, based on the stored amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities and the operating situation of the radioactive material treatment equipment. Water is transferred to the Process Main Building and/or High Temperature Incinerator Building as Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

Treatment is implemented considering the state of storage and transfer of Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

We assume stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condenser and trench)), and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities as of January 12, 2017, as shown in Attachment -2.

(2) Middle term forecast

Regarding accumulated water in Units 1 and 2 buildings and Units 3 and 4 buildings, from the viewpoint of reducing the risks of discharging to the ocean and leaking into the groundwater, it is necessary to keep enough capacity for the accumulated water in the building until its level reaches TP. 2,564 (OP. 4,000) and to keep the accumulated water level lower than the groundwater level. On the other hand, based on the view of limiting inflow of underwater to buildings and reducing the amount of emerged accumulated water, we are planning to transfer accumulated water keeping its level in the building around TP. 1,564 (OP. 3,000) considering water tank capacity.

As for accumulated water of the Process Main Building and the High Temperature Incinerator Building, we are planning to treat the accumulated water considering the situation of construction of middle and low level waste water tanks, the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and duration for maintenance.

We forecast stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)), and storing and treatment situations in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities for the next 3 months, as shown in Attachment -3.

Stored amounts in each building and the water storage equipment are forecasted to be unchanged in case transfer and treatment were implemented as scheduled without rain. However, it would be subject to change depending on the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and so on.

Also, the water treated at the radioactive material treatment equipment (fresh water and condensed salt water) can be stored in the middle and low level waste water tanks.

END

Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of December 29, 2016) Classification Change from last report Storage capacity Storage volume*1,2 Treated water (saltwater) 0m³ Strontium-treated receiving tank*1 15,837m³ ./... reated water (concentrated saltwater), pipe rer shwater receiving tank +500m³ water <storage> Treated water Strontium-treated water Multi-nuclide Remova Concentrated waste 9,144m³ -12m³

/ = = =		l wa	ter <storage></storage>									10,007111	1000111	10,00011
	Strontium-treated water		- 0 -	1	Multi-nuc	clide Remova	al	Treated water		- L	Concentrated waste liquid storage tank	9,144m ³	-12m ³	10,700m ³
/ ••••	Treated water (freshwater), pipe removal	Tre	eated water		Equipme	ent	-	(Concentrated saltwater)			Treated water storage tank	709,037m ³	+2,065m ³	736,100m ³
	Treated water from Multi-nuclide Removal Facility	<st< td=""><td>torage></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><receiving tank=""></receiving></td><td></td><td></td><td>Strontium-treated water storage tank</td><td>213,906m³</td><td>+683m³</td><td>239,100m³</td></st<>	torage>					<receiving tank=""></receiving>			Strontium-treated water storage tank	213,906m ³	+683m ³	239,100m ³
	Freshwater			. 0			10		- I					
			Filtrate		л г					Desalination plant	Residua	l water ^{*5}	Change from last report	Storage capacity*3
Volume of wate to Reactor (1			Tank	Concentrate waste liquid			•••	Reverse osmosis treated water (Freshwater)		(Reverse osmosis)	Concentrated saltwater tank	Approx. 2,700m ³	No Change	Approx. 22,100m ³
①Filtrate water		_		<storage></storage>			•••	<pre><receiving tank=""></receiving></pre>		````	outwater tarin			1
②Treated water (freshwater)	2,175m ³ +34m ³		1						_		Storage	volume	Change from last report	Storage volume*3
Cumulative treated water	755,038m ³		₩₩	_					г		Wastewater	752m ³	+45m ³	1,200m ³
Water	100,000		Water injection	2				Reverse osmosis		Wastewater	supply tank SPT(B)	689m ³	-665m ³	3,100m ³
			tank (CST)				-	circulation facility inside		supply tank	0. (-)	000111	000111	0,10011
Reactor		m³/day,FDW • CS	(Buffer tank)					A						
		m ³ /day,FDW • CS								↑ ↑			Chloride c	oncentration
		m³/day,FDW∙CS									Before/After	Desalination		ampled on October 18)
	$\left(\frown \right)$										Before/After Reverse			mpled on December 8)
							Central	ized radioactive waste		SPT(B)	Before/After Evapor	ative Concentration		-
			Turbine buil	dina				ent facility emperature incinerator building)			L			
				ung			· •				Place of	Sampling	Radioactivity	concentration*6
											Process M	ain Building	3.3E+07 Bq/L (Sa	mpled on October 18)
	Reactor Pressure Vessel								Treat	ment facility	Exit of cesium ads	sorption apparatus	5.1E+02 Bq/L (Sa	mpled on October 13)
('	Reactor Pressure vesser			/ ``						um adsorption apparatus)	Exit of deconta	mination facility		_
				Condense	er 🔪 📕				(2nd (Deco	Cesium adsorption apparatus) ontamination facility)	High Temperature	Incinerator Building	2.0E+07 Bq/L (San	npled on December 6)
	$\langle \rangle$							tralized radioactive	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Exit of second cesium	adsorption apparatus	2.3E+02 Bq/L (San	npled on December 6)
								te treatment facility cess main building)						
	imary Containment Vessel									V				
	inary containment vesser							,			From			
								(1)		Waste	←(A)			
•						-		\cup						

Facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level in T/B * ⁸	Storage facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level		Cumulative treated volume	vvaste produced		Change from last report	Storage capacity
Unit 1	Approx. 11,800m ³	+100m ³	T.P. 1,371 (O.P. 2,828)	Process Main Building	Approx. 10,680m ³	-2,850m ³	T.P. 1,236 (O.P. 2,598)	Approx.	Approx. 1,696,850m ^{3 •7}	Sludge	597m ³	No Change	700m ^{3*3}
Unit 2	Approx. 16,500m ³	+600m ³	T.P. 1,520 (O.P. 2,972)	High Temperature Incinerator Building	Approx. 3,090m ³	+120m ³	T.P. 304 (O.P. 1,750)	4,780m ^{3*7}		Used vessels	3,453 ^{*9}	+15m ³	6,239
Unit 3	Approx. 16,500m ³	+300m ³	T.P. 1,420	Total	Approx. 13,770m ³	*1 The figures of the data are treated as a reference, because water levels during water transfer are not stable.							

Total Approx. 60,900m

Approx. 16,100m

Unit 4

Main operations that have been conducted during the period from December 22, 2016 (the previous announcement data) to December 29, 2016]

Water transfer from the Unit 1 Reactor Building to the Process Main Building was conducted whenever necessary. Water transfer from the Unit 2 Reactor Building to the Process Main Building was conducted whenever necessary.

T.P. 1,422

(O.P. 2,861)

Water transfer from the Unit 2 Turbine Building to the Process Main Building was conducted whenever necessary.

Water transfer from the Unit 2 Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility to the Process Main Building was conducted whenever necessary.

Water transfer from the Unit 3 Turbine Building to the Process Main Building was conducted whenever necessary.

On December 25, water transfer from the Unit 1 Turbine Building to the Unit 1 Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility was conducted.

From November 1, operations of the Cesium Adsorption Apparatus has been suspended.

+200m³

Operations of the 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus have been conducted; the availability factor is 57% (previously simulated: 60%).

Due to other work, water transfer to the buildings (Units 1-4, the Process Main Building, the High Temperature Incinerator Building) was conducted whenever necessary.

- *2 The figures of the storage volume do not include those of the following volumes that have accumulated from the bottom
- 2 The ingues of the subge Volume to viniculate index of the Normal Volume shart here accumulated in of the tanks to the height of so-called 'Youns cale's (CS)', where water gauges show 0%: . Croshwater receiving tank (approx. 1,000m³), Concentrated waste liquid storage tank (approx. 1,000m³), Trested water storage tank (approx. 1,000m³). Strontium-rested water storage tank (approx. 5,000m³). 'The figures of the data show the operational limits.

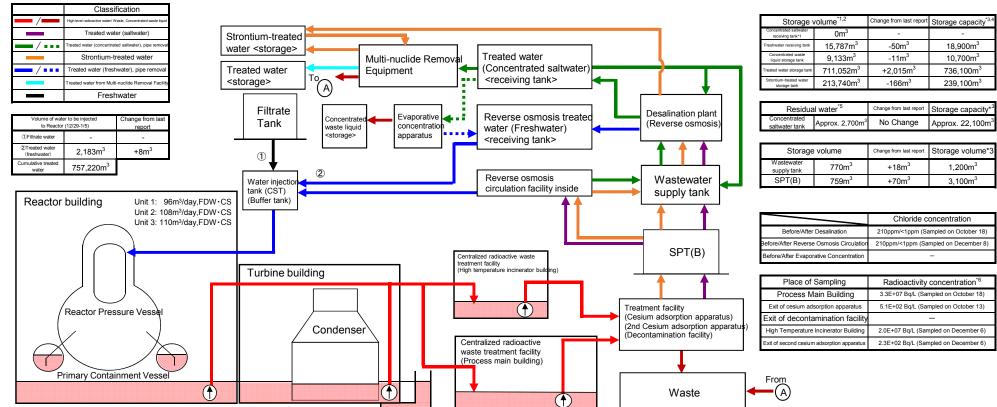
- *3 In leques of the data show the operational limits.
 *3 Interpret of the data show the operational limits.
 *4 The figures of Stronge capacity (for onlinclude those of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of so-called "down scale (DS)," where water gauges show 0%. However, each tank has the capacity that accomdates up more than the storage volume that accumulates up to the height of DS.
 *5 The figure of "Residual water" includes the one of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of so-called "down scale (DS)," where water gauges show 0%. The anount of the residual water of concentrated

- saltwater is calculated based on that of the water treated through the ALPS and other facilities. *6 The data shown here are those of Cs-137.
- To the data shown here are those of Cs-137. 7 Total treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus and 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus Breakdown of the treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (0m²) 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (4,780m²) Breakdown of the cumulative treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (370,280m²)

2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (1,326,560m³) *8 The data of the water levels in the Reactor Buildings are the data as of 7 a.m., December 29.

*9 Breakdown of the used vessels: Cesium adsorption apparatus (758) 2rd Cesium adsorption apparatus (150) Others: Storage container (2244), Treated column (9), Used vessel (197), Filiters and so forth (65)

18,900m³



Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of January 5, 2017)

Facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level in T/B *8	Ι	Storage facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level		Cumulative treated volume	Waste produced		Change from last report	Storage capacity
Unit 1	Approx. 11,700m ³	-100m ³	T.P. 1,215 (O.P. 2,672)		Process Main Building	Approx. 12,670m ³	+1,990m ³	T.P. 1,886 (O.P. 3,248)	Approx.	Approx.	Sludge	597m ³	No Change	700m ^{3 *3}
Unit 2	Approx. 16,500m ³	No Change	T.P. 1,519 (O.P. 2,971)		High Temperature Incinerator Building	Approx. 3,140m ³	+50m ³	T.P. 352 (O.P. 1,798)	4,550m ^{3 *7}	1,701,400m ^{3 *7}	Used vessels	3,461 ^{*9}	+8m ³	6,239
Unit 3	Approx. 14,500m ³	-2,000m ³	T.P. 1,159 (O.P. 2,596)		Total	Approx. 15,810m ³	*1 The figures of the data are treated as a reference, because water levels during water transfer are not stable. *2 The figures of the storage volume do not include those of the following volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of socialed "down scale (DS)," where water gauges show 0%: Firefarwater receiving tank (approx. 1000m), Concentrated waste figural storato 100m ³),							
Unit 4	Approx. 15,400m ³	-700m ³	T.P. 1,322											

Total Approx. 58,100m

Main operations that have been conducted during the period from December 29, 2016 (the previous announcement data) to January 5, 2017.

Water transfer from the Unit 1 Reactor Building to the Process Main Building was conducted whenever necessary.

Water transfer from the Unit 2 Reactor Building to the Process Main Building was conducted whenever necessary.

(O.P. 2,761)

Water transfer from the Unit 2 Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility to the Process Main Building was conducted whenever necessary.

Water transfer from the Unit 3 Turbine Building to the Process Main Building was conducted whenever necessary.

Water transfer from the Unit 3 Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility to the Process Main Building was conducted whenever necessary.

On January 1, water transfer from the Unit 1 Turbine Building to the Unit 1 Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility was conducted.

From November 1, operations of the Cesium Adsorption Apparatus has been suspended.

Operations of the 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus have been conducted; the availability factor is 54% (previously simulated: 60%).

Due to other work, water transfer to the buildings (Units 1-4, the Process Main Building, the High Temperature Incinerator Building) was conducted whenever necessary.

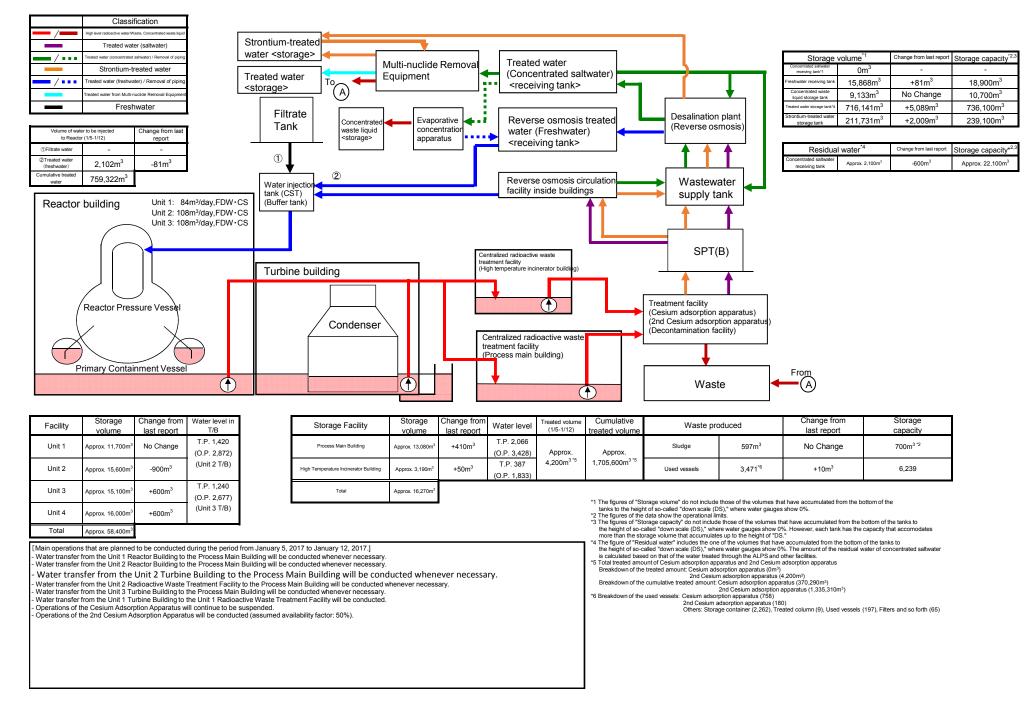
- Freshwater receiving tank (approx. 1,000m³), Concentrated waste liquid storage tank (approx.100m³),
- Treated water storage tank (approx. 1,000m³), Strontium-treated water storage tank (approx. 5,000m³).
- *3 The figures of the data show the operational limits.
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- *6 The data shown here are those of Cs-137.
- *7 Total treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus and 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus
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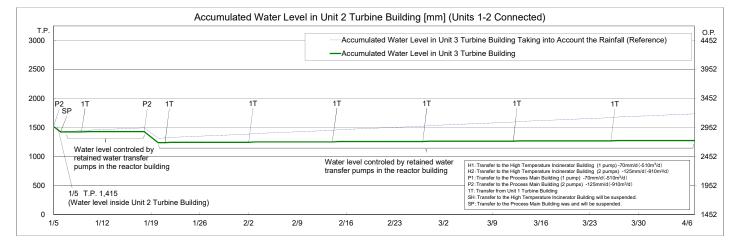
2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (7.0,290m⁻¹) 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (1,331,110m³) *8 The data of the water levels in the Reactor Buildings are the data as of 7 a.m., December 29. *9 Breakdown of the used vessels: Cesium adsorption apparatus (758)

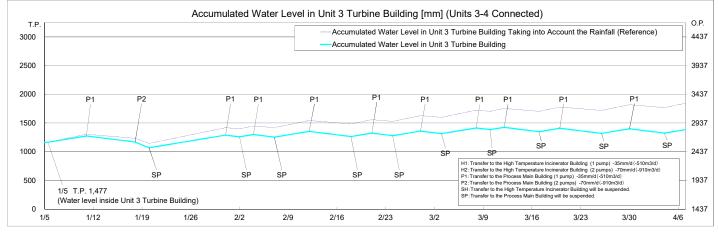
2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (180)

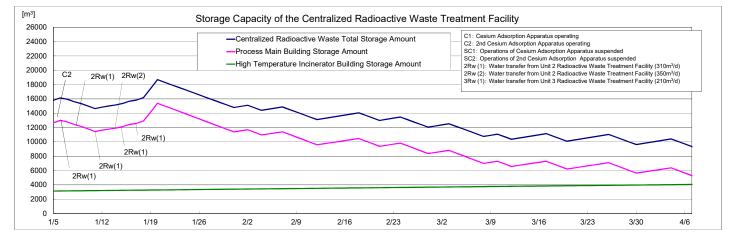
Others: Storage container (2,252), Treated column (9), Used vessel (197), Filiters and so forth (65)

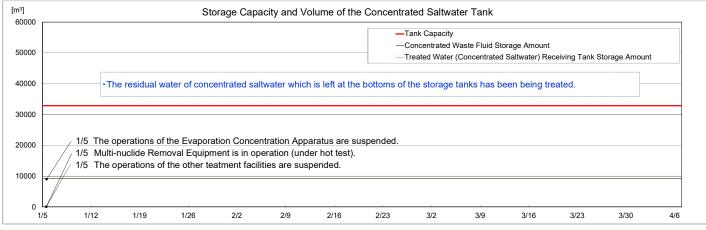
Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of January 12, 2017)











Note

- The amount of water treated through the 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus is estimated to be 780m³/d (Subject to change depending on the factors such as the levels of water accumulated in T/Bs.) - "Accumulated Water Levels in Unit 2 and 3 T/Bs" are simulated water levels in consideration of the change of the water levels caused by recent rainfall, inflow of groundwater, etc. in the surrounding areas of the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station.

Accumulated Water Levels in Unit 2 and 3 T/Bs Taking into Account the Rainfall[®] are simulated water levels which are calculated by adding to the accumulated water amounts which are assumed to increase at the rate of 5mm a day when the surrounding areas of the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station have the rainfall equal to the average amount of rain which fell for three months from August to October in 2008 to 2010.