(Preliminary report of March 19 investigation) 1/2



Measurem ent point	Contents of estimation etc	
D0	Estimation of presence or absence of diffusion of fuel debris from the drain sump	
D1, D2	Estimation of presence or absence of diffusion of fuel debris from the opening	
D3	Estimating whether or not the fuel debris is likely to have reached the PCV shell	
BG	Understanding the background level corresponding to measurement of D0 - D3	

Reference March 21, 2017 Tokyo Electric Power Company Holdings, Inc.



On the metal grating (Front left-side camera of the investigation device)



Measurement unit camera before inserted into the water



Ω

(Preliminary report of March 19 investigation) 2/2



Estimating whether or not the fuel debris is likely to have reached the PCV shell

Understanding the background level corresponding to measurement of D0 - D3

D3

BG



Underwater image at measuring point BG Radiation dose at measurement point BG (Provisional values) • On metal grating: 3.8 Sv/h • The lowest point: 11 Sv/h (About 0.3m above the PCV basement floor\*) The conditions of PCV basement will be evaluated after organizing digital images and radiation data.

Measurement image

\*The exact height from the PCV basement floor will be examined later.



(Preliminary report of March 20 investigation) 1/3





On the metal grating (Front left-side camera of the investigation device)



Measurement unit camera before inserted into the water



(Preliminary report of March 20 investigation) 2/3





Measurement image

Underwater image at measuring point D2 Radiation dose at measurement point BG (Provisional values) • On metal grating: 12 Sv/h • The lowest point: 6.3 Sv/h (About 1m above the PCV basement floor\*) The conditions of PCV basement

The conditions of PCV basement will be evaluated after organizing digital images and radiation data.

\*The exact height from the PCV basement floor will be examined later.



### **2. Progress of Unit 1 PCV internal investigation** (Preliminary report of March 20 investigation) 3/3

The investigation device moved to the measurement point D1 because the access route between the measurement points D2 and D3 was narrow and there was a risk that the device cannot go though.
 The measurement point D3 will be prioritized on March 21 because it is close to the pedestal opening. The device will move to the measurement points D3 and then D1 to investigate those places.





On the metal grating between measurement points D2 and D3 (Front left-side camera of the investigation device)



### 3. Impact to the surrounding environment (1/3)

#### No radiation impact has occurred to the surrounding environment because the radiation has been reduced by the shielding of PCV concrete walls and steels.





### 3. Impact to the surrounding environment (2/3)

The radiation level of 12 Sv/h\* was measured by a dosimeter during the March 20 investigation, but the radiation impact has been reduced by the shielding of PCV concrete walls and steel. No radiation impact has been observed in the surrounding environment.

\*The radiation rates measured on the metal grating in April 2016 were 4.7-9.7 Sv/h, almost the same levels as the measurement result this time.

- The investigation is conduced while creating a boundary around the guiding pipe to prevent the air inside the PCV from leaking to the outside.
- No significant changes have been observed at the monitoring posts and dust monitors after the investigation, compared to the before.
- Real-time data of the monitoring posts and dust monitors along the site boundary are available on the website.

Reference URL: http://www.tepco.co.jp/en/nu/fukushima-np/f1/index-e.html http://www.tepco.co.jp/en/nu/fukushima-np/f1/dustmonitor/index-e.html



As of 11:30 a.m. on March 21, 2017: about 0.5-2.0 µSv/h \*Radiation dose including the other influence than the PCV interior Radioactive Concentration measured at Dust Monitors near the Site Boundary of Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station

The following are radioactive concentrations in the air measured near the monitoring posts (MP1-8) at the site boundary of Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station.



As of 11:50 a.m. on March 21, 2017: 1.0E-06Bq/cm<sup>3</sup>

### 3. Impact to the surrounding environment (3/3)

- The measurement result during the investigation does not mean that a new phenomenon has occurred in the PCV, but rather the area that has not been investigated since the March 2011 accident was investigated for the first time.
  \*The radiation rates measured on the metal grating in April 2016 were 4.7-9.7 Sv/h, almost the same levels as the measurement result this time.
  Plant parameters are monitored all the time during the investigation, and no significant changes have been observed in the PCV internal temperatures after the investigation, compared to the before. The condition of cold shutdown has not been changed.
  - Temperature data inside the PCV are available on the website.



	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Status of water injection to the reactor	FDW line 1,5nl/h CS line 1,5nl/h (as of 11:00 , 3/21 )	FDW line 1,5nV/h CS line 1,8nV/h las of 11:00 , 3/21 )	FDW line 1,5nl/h CS line 1,4nl/h (as of 11:00 , 3/21 )	
Temperature at the bottom of RPV	VESSEL BOTTOM HEAD (TE-283-69(1)):14.7°C VESSEL ABOVE SKIRT JOINT (TE-283-69(H)):14.6°C VESSEL DOWNCOMWER (TE-283-69(82)):14.5°C (as of 1100.3/21)	VESSEL WALL ABOVE BOTTOM HEAD (TE-2-3-68H3): 18:10 RPV TEMPERATURE (TE-2-3-68H2): 19:00 (as of 11:00, 3/21)	VESSEL BOTTOM HEAD (TE-2-3-89L1):184°C VESSEL BOTTOM ABOVE SKIRT JOT (TE-2-3-89F1):184°C VESSEL WALL ABOVE BOTTOM HEAD (TE-2-3-89H1):17.0°C (as of 11:00, 3/21)	
Temperature in PCV	HVH-12A RETURN AIR (TE-1625A): 15.0°C HVH-12A SUPPLY AIR (TE-1625F): 14.5°C (as of 11:00, 3/21)	RETURN AIR DRYWELL COOLER (TE-16-1148): 19.8°C SUPPLY AIR D/W COOLER HVH2-168 (TE-16-11463H): 19.9°C (as of 11:00.3/21)	RETURN AIR DRYWELL COOLER (TE-16-114A):18,2°C SUPPLY AIR D/W COOLER (TE-16-114F=1):16,6°C (as of 11:00,3/21)	
Pressure in PCV	0.78kPa g (as of 11:00.3/21.)	4.78kPa # (as of 11:00.3/21.)	0.25kPa g (as of 11100.3/21)	]
Flow rate of nitrogen gas injection to Reactors #3	RPV:26.19NH/h PCV:-NH/h #4 (as of 11:00.3/21)	RPV:13.56Nm/h PCV:-Nm/h #4 (as of 11100.3/21)	RPV:16.56Nrt/h PCV:-Nrt/h #4 (as of 11100.3/21 )	]
Outlet flow from PCV gas control system	20.7nl/h (as of 11:00 . 3/21 )	18.47NH/h (as of 11:00 . 3/21 )	20.72NH/h (as of 11X00.3/21 )	
Hydrogen concentration in PCV 第1	System A : 0.00vol% System B : 0.00vol% (as of 11:00 , 3/21 )	System A : 0,04vo% System B : 0,05vo% (as of 11:00 , 3/21 )	System A : 0.04vo% System B : 0.07vo% (as of 11:00 , 3/21 )	]
Radioactive concentration in PCV (Xe 135) #2	System A : Indicated value 1.00E-03 detection limit 5,70E-04 Ba/ort System B : Indicated value 1.25E-03 detection limit 4,80E-04 Ba/ort (se of 1100.3/21)	System A : Indicated value ND detection limit 1,7E-01 Ba/ort System B : Indicated value ND detection limit 1,5E-01 Ba/ort (es of 11:00,3/21)	System A : holicited value ND detection limit 2.5E-01 Ba/orf System B : holicited value ND detection limit 2.6E-01 Ba/orf (as of 1100.3/21)	
Temperature in the spent fuel pool	25.4°C (as of 11:00.3/21)	27.7°C (as of 11:00.3/21)	27.0°C (as of 11:00.3/21.)	14.2°C (as of 11:00.3/21
FPC skimmer surge tank level	2.91m (as of 11:00.3/21 )	4.01m (as of 11:00.3/21)	3.35m (as of 11:00.3/21)	43,84×100mm (as of 11:00.3/21

Reference URL: http://www.tepco.co.jp/en/nu/fukushima-np/f1/pla/index-e.html

As of 11:00 p.m. on March 21, 2017: about 14-23 °C