

## Outflow of water leaked from the evaporative condensation apparatus at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station

- Approx. 150 liters of water containing radioactive materials flowed into the sea.
- The density of radioactive materials contained in the water leaked is  $2.6 \times 10^{10}$  Becquerel (provisional) in total, calculating from the density of strontium 89, 90, cesium 134, and 137.

[Breakdown]

Strontium 89:  $7.4 \times 10^4$  Bq/cm<sup>3</sup> ( $1.1 \times 10^{10}$  Bq)

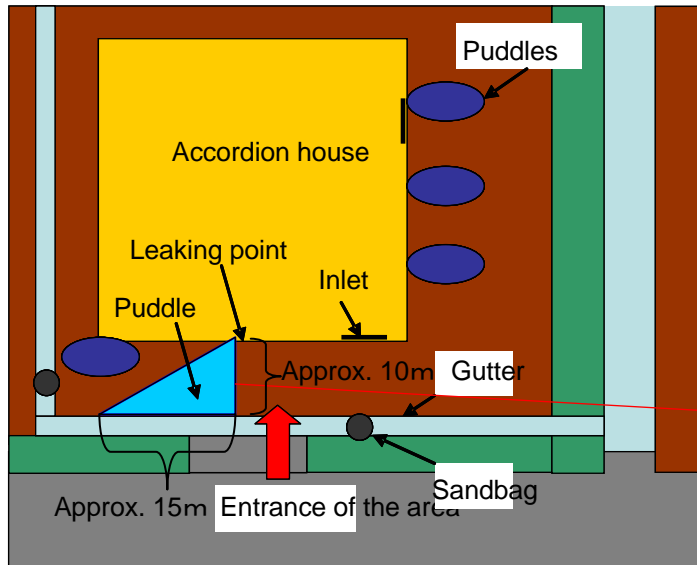
Strontium 90:  $1.0 \times 10^5$  Bq/cm<sup>3</sup> ( $1.5 \times 10^{10}$  Bq)

Cesium 134:  $1.6 \times 10^1$  Bq/cm<sup>3</sup> ( $2.4 \times 10^6$  Bq)

Cesium 137:  $2.9 \times 10^1$  Bq/cm<sup>3</sup> ( $4.4 \times 10^6$  Bq)

(Water collected on Dec 4, 2011. Amount of strontium estimated from the density of all-beta radioactive materials.)

- This value accounts for 12 % of  $2.22 \times 10^{11}$ Bq, which is the annual discharge control target of radioactive liquid waste at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station.



Overview of leaking points



Status of leakage (puddles)



Status of leaking point