

## **Situation of Storage and Treatment of Accumulated Water including Highly Concentrated Radioactive Materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (183<sup>th</sup> Release)**

January 9, 2015

Tokyo Electric Power Company

### **1. Introduction**

This document is to report the following matters in accordance with the instruction of “Installment of treatment facility and storing facility of water including highly concentrated radioactive materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station of the Tokyo Electric Power Company (Instruction) “(NISA No. 6, June 8, 2011), dated on June 9, 2011.

<Instruction>

TEPCO should report to NISA the situation of storing and treatment of the contaminated water in the Power Station and future forecast based upon the current situation have to be reported to NISA as soon as the treatment facility starts its operation. Also, subsequently, continued report has to be submitted to NISA once a week until the treatment of the accumulated water in the Central Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility is completed.

### **2. Situation of storing and treatment of accumulated water in the building (actual record)**

Stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)) and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility as of January 1 and 8 are shown in the Attachment -1.

### **3. Forecast of storing and treatment**

#### **(1) Short term forecast**

Water transfer is planned so that the levels of the accumulated water in Units 1&2 and Units 3&4 building will be maintained around at the level of OP. 3,000, based on the stored amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities and the operating situation of the radioactive material treatment equipment. Water is transferred to the Process Main Building and/or High Temperature Incinerator Building as Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

Treatment is implemented considering the situation of storage and transfer of Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

We assume stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condenser and trench)), and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing

Facilities as of January 15, as shown in Attachment -2.

**(2) Middle term forecast**

Regarding accumulated water in Unit 1&2 building and Unit 3&4 building, from the viewpoint of reducing the risks of discharging to the ocean and leaking into the groundwater, it is necessary to keep enough capacity for the accumulated water in the building until its level reaches OP. 4,000 and to keep the accumulated water level lower than the groundwater level. On the other hand, based on the view of limiting inflow of underwater to buildings and reducing the amount of emerged accumulated water, we are planning to transfer accumulated water keeping its level in the building around OP. 3,000 considering water tank capacity.

As for accumulated water of the Process Main Building and the High Temperature Incinerator Building, we are planning to treat the accumulated water considering the situation of construction of middle and low level waste water tanks, the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and duration for maintenance.

We forecast stored amounts in each unit building (Unit 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)), and storing and treatment situations in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities for the next 3 months, as shown in Attachment -3.

Stored amounts in each building and the water storage equipment are forecasted to be unchanged in case transfer and treatment were implemented as scheduled without rain. However, it would be subject to change depending on the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and so on.

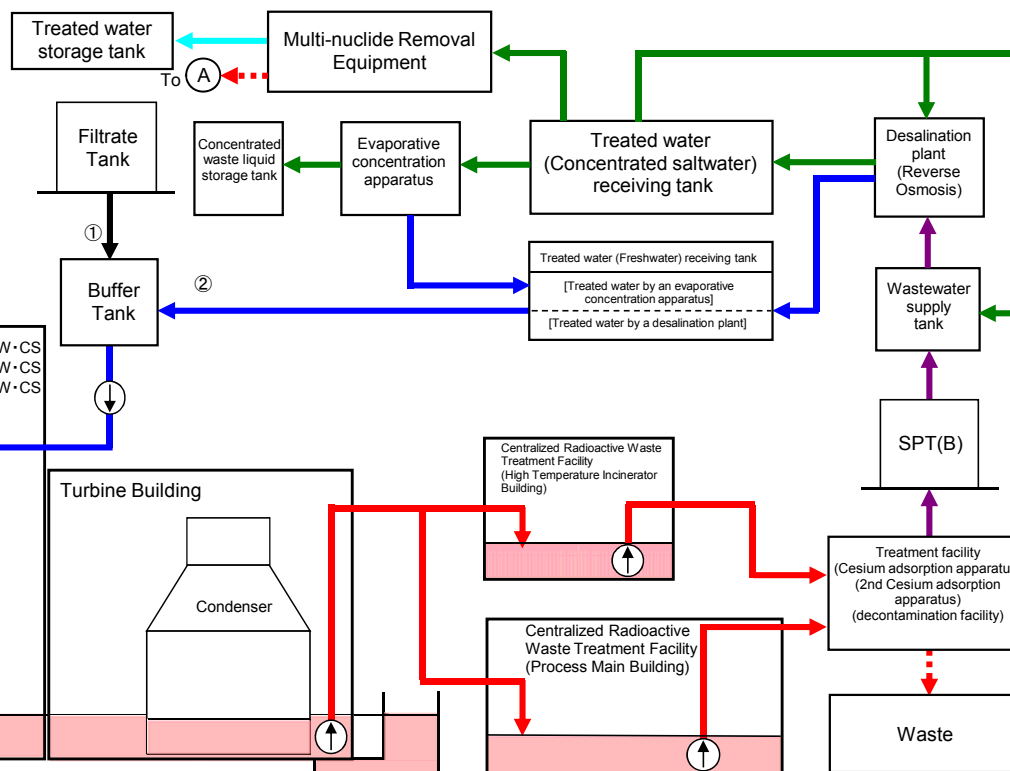
Also, the water treated at the radioactive material treatment equipment (fresh water and condensed salt water) can be stored in the middle and low level waste water tanks.

END

# Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of January 1, 2015)

Classification	
<span style="color:red">■</span> / <span style="color:blue">■</span> / <span style="color:green">■</span> / <span style="color:cyan">■</span> / <span style="color:black">■</span>	High level radioactive water/Waste
<span style="color:purple">■</span>	Treated water (saltwater)
<span style="color:green">■</span>	Treated water (concentrated saltwater)
<span style="color:blue">■</span>	Treated water (freshwater)
<span style="color:cyan">■</span>	Treated water from Multi-nuclide Removal Equipment
<span style="color:black">■</span>	Freshwater

Volume of water to be injected to Reactor (12/26 - 1/1)	Change from last report
① Filtrate water	-
② Treated water (freshwater)	2,209m <sup>3</sup>
Cumulative treated water	527,220m <sup>3</sup>



Storage volume <sup>*1</sup>	Change from last report	Storage capacity <sup>*2,3</sup>	
Concentrated saltwater receiving tank <sup>4</sup>	303,755m <sup>3</sup>	-7,191m <sup>3</sup>	391,200m <sup>3</sup>
Freshwater receiving tank	24,256m <sup>3</sup>	-262m <sup>3</sup>	27,500m <sup>3</sup>
Concentrated waste liquid storage tank	8,974m <sup>3</sup>	-23m <sup>3</sup>	20,000m <sup>3</sup>
Treated water storage tank	250,414m <sup>3</sup>	+9,175m <sup>3</sup>	295,700m <sup>3</sup>
Strontium-treated water storage tank	4,252m <sup>3</sup>	No Change	4,300m <sup>3</sup>

Storage volume	Change from last report	Storage volume <sup>*2</sup>	
Wastewater supply tank	722m <sup>3</sup>	-33m <sup>3</sup>	1,200m <sup>3</sup>
SPT(B)	884m <sup>3</sup>	205	3,100m <sup>3</sup>

Chloride concentration	
Before/After Desalination	750ppm / 1ppm (Sampled on Dec. 9)
Before/After Evaporative Concentration	6,900ppm/2ppm (Sampled on Dec. 20, 2011)

Place of Sampling	Radioactivity density <sup>*5</sup>
Process Main Building	3.1E+04 Bq/cm <sup>3</sup> (Sampled on Dec. 9)
Exit of cesium adsorption apparatus	4.4E+00 Bq/cm <sup>3</sup> (Sampled on Dec. 9)
Exit of decontamination facility	-
High Temperature Incinerator Building	2.8E+04 Bq/cm <sup>3</sup> (Sampled on Dec. 9)
Exit of second cesium adsorption apparatus	1.7E+00 Bq/cm <sup>3</sup> (Sampled on Dec. 9)

Facility	Storage volume	Change from last	Water level in T/B
Unit 1	Approx. 13,400m <sup>3</sup>	No Change	OP.2,518
Unit 2	Approx. 16,200m <sup>3</sup>	+400m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,612
Unit 3	Approx. 19,800m <sup>3</sup>	+900m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,576
Unit 4	Approx. 14,800m <sup>3</sup>	+300m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,525
Total	Approx. 64,200m <sup>3</sup>		

Storage Facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level	Treated volume (12/26 - 1/1)	Cumulative treated volume	Waste produced		Change from last report	Storage capacity
						Sludge	Used vessels		
Process Main Building	Approx. 12,970m <sup>3</sup>	-180m <sup>3</sup>	OP.3,380	Approx. 3,950m <sup>3</sup> *6	Approx. 1,131,960m <sup>3</sup>	597m <sup>3</sup>	1,484 <sup>*8</sup>	No Change	700m <sup>3</sup> *2
High Temperature Incinerator Building	Approx. 3,770m <sup>3</sup>	-120m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,317			+41	3,317		
Total	Approx. 16,740m <sup>3</sup>								

[Main operations that were conducted during the period from December 25, 2014 (the previous announcement data) to January 1, 2015]

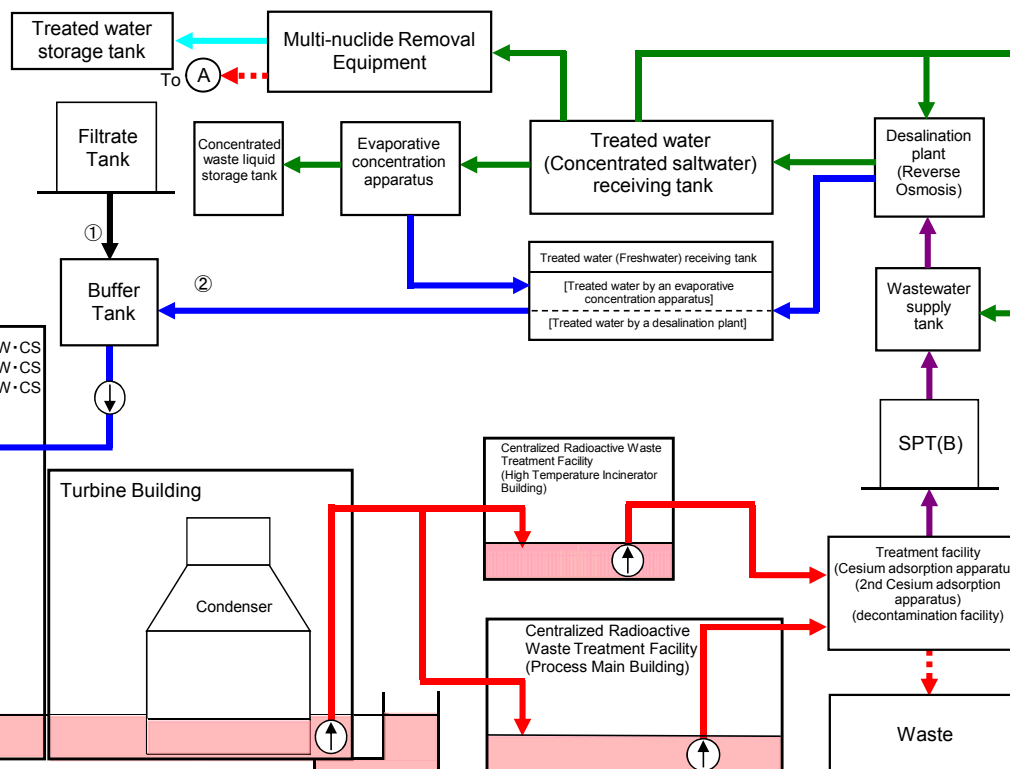
- Water transfer from Unit 2 to the High Temperature Incinerator Building was being conducted.
- Water transfer from Unit 3 to the Process Main Building was being suspended since Dec. 26.
- Water transfer from Unit 4 has been stopped since Nov. 29, 2012.
- Cesium Absorption Apparatus and 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus were in operation; the availability factor of the former was 10.1% (previously assumed: 10%) and the availability factor of the latter was 36.9% (previously assumed: 40%)
- On Dec. 26, the operation of 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus resumed.
- On Dec. 26, the operation of Cesium Absorption Apparatus was suspended.
- Storage capacity of the Treated Water Storage Tank was increased by adding tanks.

\*1 As for the desalination plant (reverse osmosis) or the evaporative concentration apparatus, the data is treated as a reference, because the water levels are not stable during the operation.  
 \*2 Shows the operational limit.  
 \*3 The underground reservoirs are not included in the figure.  
 \*4 Storage capacity of the filtrate water tank (4,600m<sup>3</sup>) is included in the figure.  
 \*5 The data shown here are those of Cs-137.  
 \*6 Total treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus and 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus  
 Breakdown of the treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (850m<sup>3</sup>)  
 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (3,100m<sup>3</sup>)  
 Breakdown of the cumulative treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (248,930m<sup>3</sup>)  
 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (883,030m<sup>3</sup>)  
 \*7 Breakdown of the used vessels: Cesium adsorption apparatus (546)  
 2nd cesium Cesium adsorption apparatus (120),  
 Storage container of the Multi-nuclide Removal Equipment (772), treated column (3) and a used vessel (4)  
 Used vessels of mobile type treatment apparatus (28, including vessels used for purification of spent fuel pool) and filters (11).

# Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of January 8, 2015)

Classification	
<span style="color:red">■</span> / <span style="color:red">■</span> / <span style="color:red">■</span>	High level radioactive water/Waste
<span style="color:blue">■</span>	Treated water (saltwater)
<span style="color:green">■</span>	Treated water (concentrated saltwater)
<span style="color:purple">■</span>	Treated water (freshwater)
<span style="color:cyan">■</span>	Treated water from Multi-nuclide Removal Equipment
<span style="color:black">■</span>	Freshwater

Volume of water to be injected to Reactor (1/2-1/8)	Change from last report
① Filtrate water	-
② Treated water (freshwater)	+2,240m <sup>3</sup>
Cumulative treated water	529,460m <sup>3</sup>



	Storage volume <sup>*1</sup>	Change from last report	Storage capacity <sup>*2,3</sup>
Concentrated saltwater receiving tank <sup>*4</sup>	296,421m <sup>3</sup>	-7,334m <sup>3</sup>	391,200m <sup>3</sup>
Freshwater receiving tank	24,097m <sup>3</sup>	-159m <sup>3</sup>	27,500m <sup>3</sup>
Concentrated waste liquid storage tank	8,969m <sup>3</sup>	-5	20,000m <sup>3</sup>
Treated water storage tank	259,526m <sup>3</sup>	+9,112m <sup>3</sup>	297,900m <sup>3</sup>
Strontium-treated water storage tank	4,252m <sup>3</sup>	No Change	4,300m <sup>3</sup>

	Storage volume	Change from last report	Storage volume <sup>*2</sup>
Wastewater supply tank	753m <sup>3</sup>	+31m <sup>3</sup>	1,200m <sup>3</sup>
SPT(B)	1,005m <sup>3</sup>	+121m <sup>3</sup>	3,100m <sup>3</sup>

	Chloride concentration
Before/After Desalination	750ppm / 1ppm (Sampled on Dec. 9)
Before/After Evaporative Concentration	6,900ppm/2ppm (Sampled on Dec. 20, 2011)

Place of Sampling	Radioactivity density <sup>*5</sup>
Process Main Building	3.1E+04 Bq/cm <sup>3</sup> (Sampled on Dec. 9)
Exit of cesium adsorption apparatus	4.4E+00 Bq/cm <sup>3</sup> (Sampled on Dec. 9)
Exit of decontamination facility	-
High Temperature Incinerator Building	2.8E+04 Bq/cm <sup>3</sup> (Sampled on Dec. 9)
Exit of second cesium adsorption apparatus	1.7E+00 Bq/cm <sup>3</sup> (Sampled on Dec. 9)

Facility	Storage volume	Change from last	Water level in T/B
Unit 1	Approx. 13,300m <sup>3</sup>	-100m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,347
Unit 2	Approx. 15,800m <sup>3</sup>	-400m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,574
Unit 3	Approx. 20,700m <sup>3</sup>	+900m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,687
Unit 4	Approx. 15,400m <sup>3</sup>	+600m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,628
Total	Approx. 65,200m <sup>3</sup>		

Storage Facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level	Treated volume (1/2-1/8)	Cumulative treated volume	Waste produced	Change from last report	Storage capacity
Process Main Building	Approx. 12,140m <sup>3</sup>	-830m <sup>3</sup>	OP.3,019	Approx. 4,290m <sup>3</sup> *6	Approx. 1,136,250m <sup>3</sup> *6	Sludge	597m <sup>3</sup>	700m <sup>3</sup> *2
High Temperature Incinerator Building	Approx. 3,620m <sup>3</sup>	-150m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,188			Used vessels	1,525*7	+41
Total	Approx. 15,760m <sup>3</sup>							

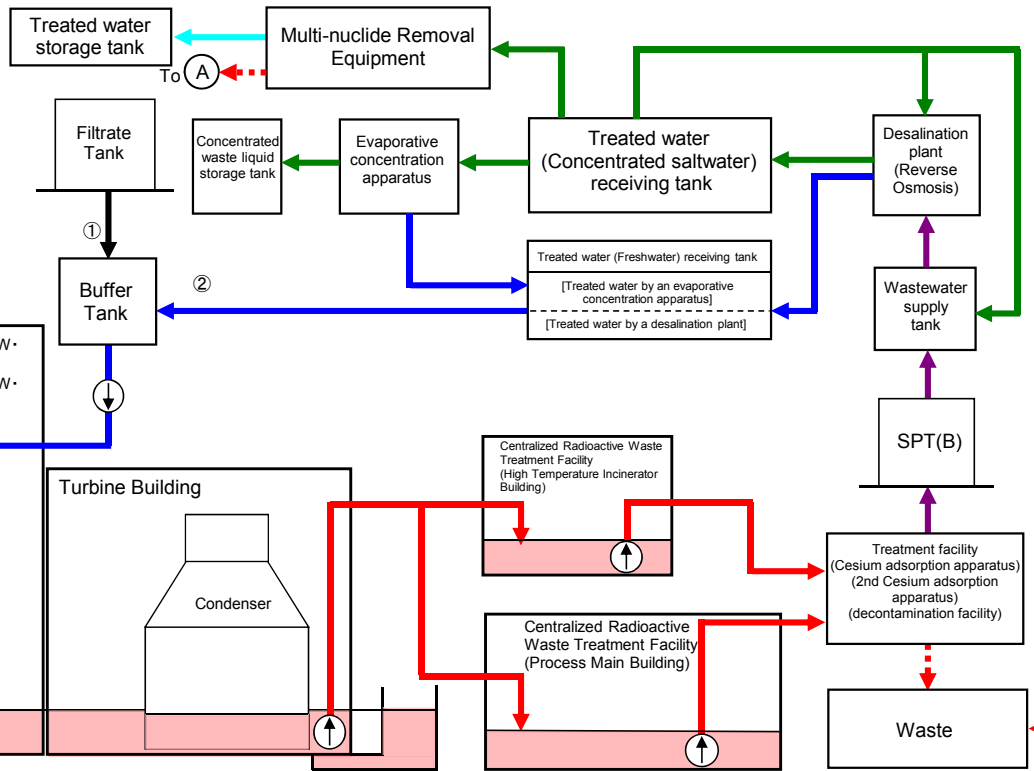
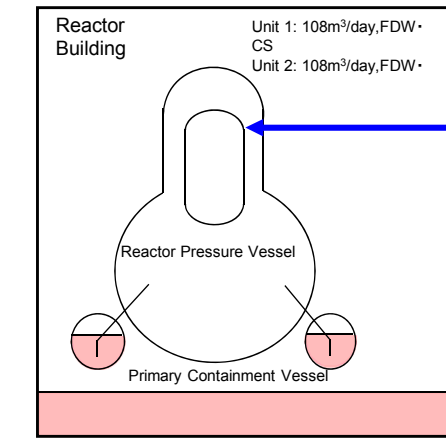
\*1 As for the desalination plant (reverse osmosis) or the evaporative concentration apparatus, the data is treated as a reference, because the water levels are not stable during the operation.  
 \*2 Shows the operational limit.  
 \*3 The underground reservoirs are not included in the figure.  
 \*4 Storage capacity of the filtrate water tank (4,600m<sup>3</sup>) is included in the figure.  
 \*5 The data shown here are those of Cs-137.  
 \*6 Total treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus and 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus  
 Breakdown of the treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (890m<sup>3</sup>)  
 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (3,400m<sup>3</sup>)  
 Breakdown of the cumulative treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (249,820m<sup>3</sup>)  
 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (886,430m<sup>3</sup>)  
 \*7 Breakdown of the used vessels: Cesium adsorption apparatus (546)  
 2nd cesium Cesium adsorption apparatus (120),  
 Storage container of the Multi-nuclide Removal Equipment (809), treated column (3) and a used vessel (6)  
 Used vessels of mobile type treatment apparatus (28, including vessels used for purification of spent fuel pool) and filters (13).

[Main operations that have been conducted since January 1, 2015 up to the present]  
 - Water transfer from Unit 2 to the High Temperature Incinerator Building has been conducted.  
 - Water transfer from Unit 3 to the Process Main Building has been conducted.  
 - Water transfer from Unit 4 has been stopped since Nov. 29, 2012.  
 - Cesium Absorption Apparatus and 2nd Cesium Absorption Apparatus have been in operation.  
 the availability factor of the former was 10.6% (previously assumed: 10%) and the availability factor of the latter was 40.5% (previously assumed: 40%)  
 - On Jan. 6, the operation of Cesium Absorption Apparatus resumed.  
 - On Jan. 6, water transfer from Unit 1 Turbine Building to the Waste Treatment Facility at Unit 1 was conducted.  
 - Storage capacity of the Treated Water Storage Tank was increased by adding tanks.

# Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of January 15, 2015)

Classification	
High level radioactive water/Waste	High level radioactive water/Waste
Treated water (saltwater)	Treated water (saltwater)
Treated water (concentrated saltwater)	Treated water (concentrated saltwater)
Treated water (freshwater)	Treated water (freshwater)
Treated water from Multi-nuclide Removal Equipment	Treated water from Multi-nuclide Removal Equipment
Freshwater	Freshwater

Volume of water to be injected to Reactor (1/9- 1/15)	Change from last report
① Filtrate water	-
② Treated water (freshwater)	+28m <sup>3</sup>
Cumulative treated water	531,728m <sup>3</sup>



Storage volume	Change from last report	Storage capacity <sup>1)2)</sup>
Concentrated saltwater receiving tank <sup>3)</sup>	287,828m <sup>3</sup> -8,593m <sup>3</sup>	391,200m <sup>3</sup>
Freshwater receiving tank	23,509m <sup>3</sup> -588m <sup>3</sup>	27,500m <sup>3</sup>
Concentrated waste liquid storage tank	8,969m <sup>3</sup> No change	20,000m <sup>3</sup>
Treated water storage tank <sup>4)</sup>	271,505m <sup>3</sup> +11,979m <sup>3</sup>	297,900m <sup>3</sup>
Strontium treated water storage tank	4,252m <sup>3</sup> No Change	4,300m <sup>3</sup>

Facility	Storage volume	Change from last	Water level in T/B
Unit 1	Approx. 13,300m <sup>3</sup>	No Change	OP.2,540
Unit 2	Approx. 15,500m <sup>3</sup>	-300m <sup>3</sup>	(Unit 2 T/B)
Unit 3	Approx. 21,800m <sup>3</sup>	+1,100m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,826
Unit 4	Approx. 16,400m <sup>3</sup>	+1,000m <sup>3</sup>	(Unit 3 T/B)
Total	Approx. 67,000m <sup>3</sup>		

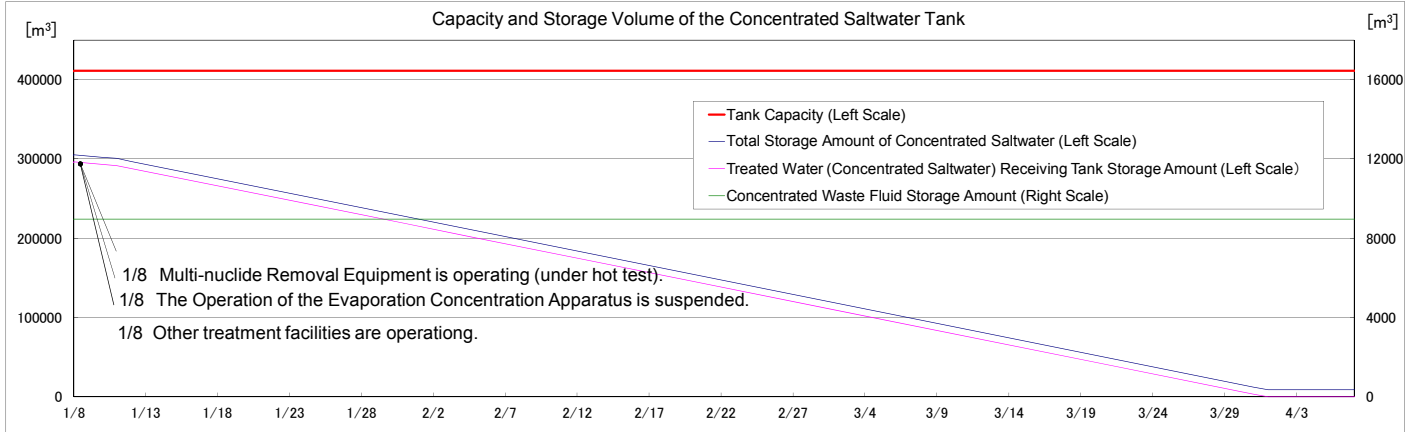
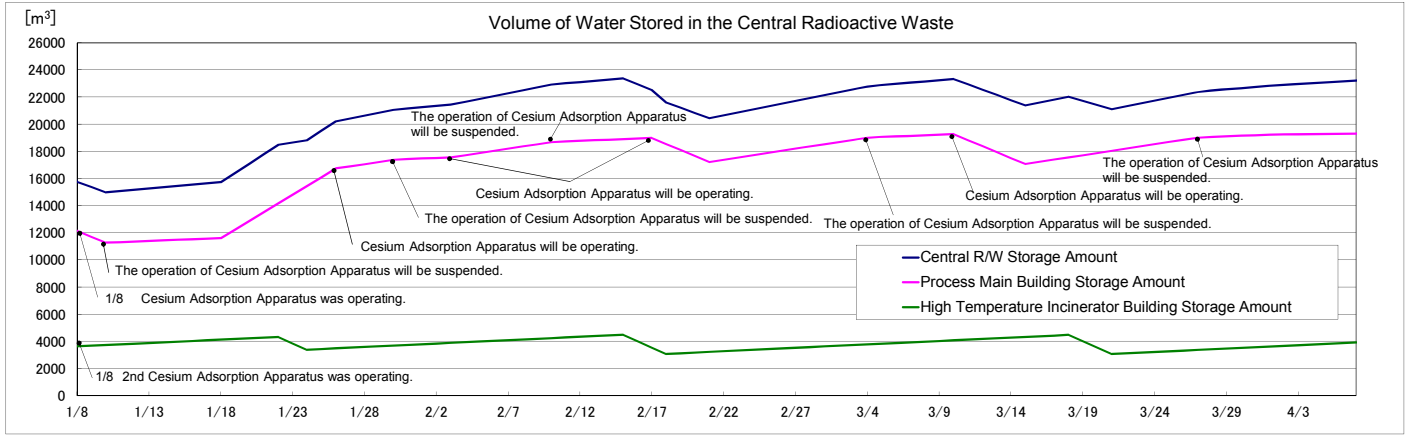
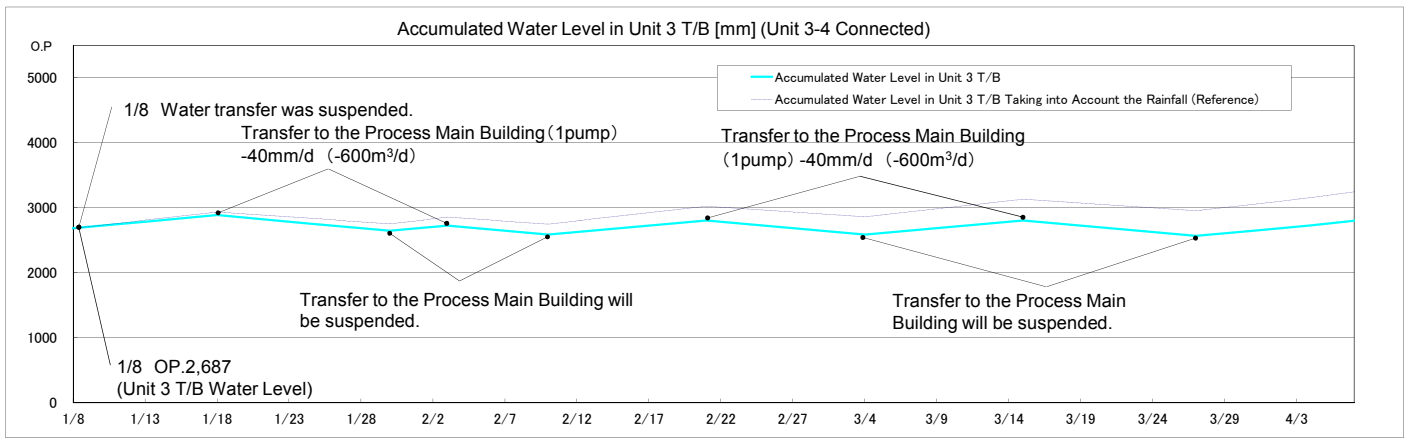
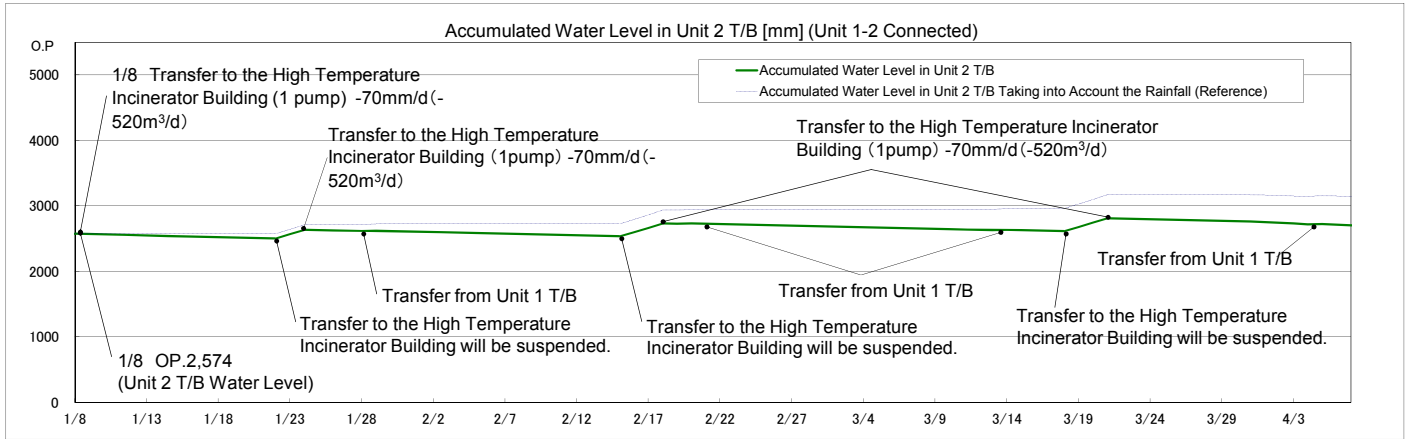
Storage Facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level	Treated volume (1/9 - 1/15)	Cumulative treated volume	Waste produced	Change from last report	Storage capacity
Process Main Building	Approx. 11,190m <sup>3</sup>	-950m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,743	Approx.4,200m <sup>3</sup> 14	Approx. 1,140,450m <sup>3</sup> 14	Sludge	597m <sup>3</sup>	No Change
High Temperature Incinerator Building	Approx. 4,040m <sup>3</sup>	+420m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,541			Used vessels	1,567 <sup>5)</sup>	+42
Total	Approx. 15,230m <sup>3</sup>							

[Main operations that are planned to be conducted during the period from January 8, 2015 to January 15, 2015.]

- Water transfer from Unit 2 to the High Temperature Incinerator Building will be conducted.
- Water transfer from Unit 3 to the Process Main Building will continue to be suspended.
- Water transfer from Unit 4 will continue to be suspended.
- The operation of Cesium Adsorption Apparatus is scheduled: Assumed Availability Factor 10%
- The operation of 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus is scheduled: Assumed Availability Factor 40%

<sup>1)</sup> Shows the operational limit. <sup>2)</sup> The underground reservoirs are not included in the figure.  
<sup>3)</sup> Storage capacity of the filtrate water tank (4,600m<sup>3</sup>) is included in the figure.  
<sup>4)</sup> Total treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus and 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus  
 Breakdown of the treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (840m<sup>3</sup>)  
 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (3,360m<sup>3</sup>)  
 Breakdown of the cumulative treated amount: Cesium adsorption apparatus (250,960m<sup>3</sup>)  
 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (889,790m<sup>3</sup>)  
<sup>5)</sup> Breakdown of the used vessels:  
 Cesium adsorption apparatus (550)  
 2nd cesium Cesium adsorption apparatus (120),  
 Storage container of the Multi-nuclide Removal Equipment (842), treated column (3) and used vessels (7)  
 Used vessels of mobile type treatment apparatus (30, including 11 vessels used for purification of spent fuel pool) and filters (15)

# Simulation Results of Accumulated Water Treatment in Unit 1-4 T/B



**Note**

- The treated water volume is assumed to be 720m³/d (Subject to change depending on the level of water accumulated in T/B).
- The accumulated water level in T/B is a simulated water level in consideration of fluctuation of water level such as recent rainfall, inflow of groundwater, etc.
- The accumulated water level in T/B is assumed to increase by 5mm daily, taking into consideration the average rain fall in the surrounding areas of the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (August-October in 2008 to 2010).