Situation of Storage and Treatment of Accumulated Water including Highly Concentrated Radioactive Materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (227th Release)

November 13, 2015 Tokyo Electric Power Company

1. Introduction

This document is to report the following matters in accordance with the instruction of "Installment of treatment facility and storing facility of water including highly concentrated radioactive materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station of the Tokyo Electric Power Company (Instruction) "(NISA No. 6, June 8, 2011), dated on June 9, 2011.

<Instruction>

TEPCO should report to NISA the situation of storing and treatment of the contaminated water in the Power Station and the future forecast based upon the current situation has to be reported to NISA as soon as the treatment facility starts its operation. Also, subsequently, continued report has to be submitted to NISA once a week until the treatment of the accumulated water in the Central Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility is completed.

2. Situation of storing and treatment of accumulated water in the building (actual record)

Stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)) and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility as of November 12 are shown in the Attachment -1.

3. Forecast of storing and treatment

(1) Short term forecast

Water transfer is planned so that the levels of the accumulated water in Units 1&2 and Units 3&4 building will be maintained around at the level of OP. 3,000, based on the stored amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities and the operating situation of the radioactive material treatment equipment. Water is transferred to the Process Main Building and/or High Temperature Incinerator Building as Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

Treatment is implemented considering the situation of storage and transfer of Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

We assume stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condenser and trench)), and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities as of November 19, as shown in Attachment -2.

(2) Middle term forecast

Regarding accumulated water in Unit 1&2 building and Unit 3&4 building, from the viewpoint of reducing the risks of discharging to the ocean and leaking into the groundwater, it is necessary to keep enough capacity for the accumulated water in the building until its level reaches OP. 4,000 and to keep the accumulated water level lower than the groundwater level. On the other hand, based on the view of limiting inflow of underwater to buildings and reducing the amount of emerged accumulated water, we are planning to transfer accumulated water keeping its level in the building around OP. 3,000 considering water tank capacity.

As for accumulated water of the Process Main Building and the High Temperature Incinerator Building, we are planning to treat the accumulated water considering the situation of construction of middle and low level waste water tanks, the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and duration for maintenance.

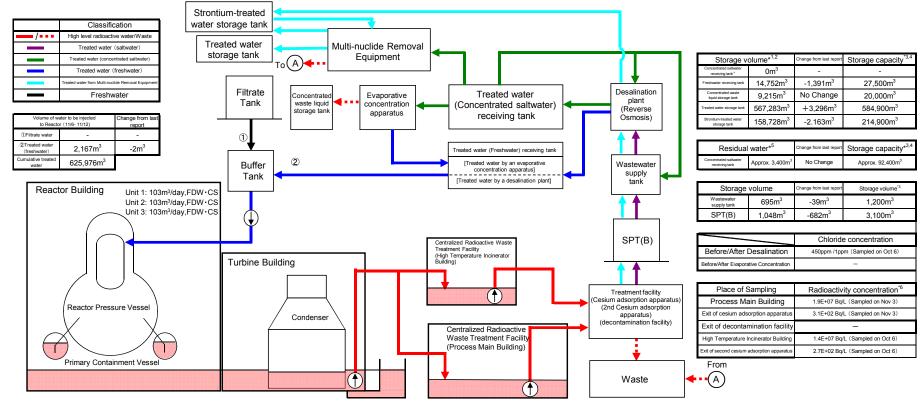
We forecast stored amounts in each unit building (Unit 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)), and storing and treatment situations in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities for the next 3 months, as shown in Attachment -3.

Stored amounts in each building and the water storage equipment are forecasted to be unchanged in case transfer and treatment were implemented as scheduled without rain. However, it would be subject to change depending on the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and so on.

Also, the water treated at the radioactive material treatment equipment (fresh water and condensed salt water) can be stored in the middle and low level waste water tanks.

END

Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of November 12, 2015)



Storage volume	Change from last	Water level in T/B *8	Storage Facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level		Cumulative treated volume	Waste produced		Change from last report	Storage capacity
Approx. 13,000m ³	+300m ³	T.P.1,155 (OP.2,612)	Process Main Building	Approx. 9,740m ³	+80m ³	T.P.969 (O.P. 2,331)	Approx.580m ^{3 *7}	Approx.	Sludge	597m ³	No Change	700m ^{3 *3}
Approx. 18,100m ³	+3,000m ³	T.P.1,763 OP.3,215	High Temperature Incinerator Building	Approx. 3,100m ³	-440m ³	T.P.315 (O.P. 1,761)	Approx.560m	1,372,100m ^{3*7}	Used vessels	2,866*9	+12	6,055
Approx. 16,900m ³	+1,200m ³	T.P.1,464 OP.2,901	Total	Approx. 12,840m ³							ed as a reference, because water le ne do not include those of the follow	
Approx. 16,900m ³	+400m ³	T.P.1,510 OP.2,949			-				of t Fre	he tanks to the height of so- shwater receiving tank (app	called "down scale (DS)," where wat rox. 1,000m ³), Concentrated waste I rox. 1,000m ³). Streptium tropted waster	ter gauges show 0%: liquid storage tank (approx.100m ⁴

Total Approx. 64,900m

Facility Unit 1 Unit 2 Unit 3

Unit 4

[Main operations that have been conducted during the period from November 5, 2015 (the previous announcement data) to November 12, 2015] Water transfer from the Unit 2 T/B to the High Temperature Incinerator Building was conducted whenever necessary.

Since Nov. 4, the operation of the Cesium Adsorption Apparatus has been suspended.

The operation of the 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus has been conducted; the availability factor has been 7% (previously assumed: 25%)

On Nov. 8, water transfer from the Unit 1 T/B to the Unit 1 Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility was conducted. On Nov. 11, water transfer transfer from the Unit 1 CWP pit to the Unit 1 T/B was conducted.

On Nov. 11, water transfer from the Unit 3 Underground Storage Facility for Radioactive Waste to the Unit 3 Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility was conducted.

m the bottom

Treated water storage tank (approx. 1,000m³), Strontium-treated water storage tank (approx. 3,000m³)

3 The fourse of the data show the operational limits.
43 The fourse of stronge capacity do not include those of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of so-called "down scale (DS)," where water gauges show 0%. However, each tank has the capacity that accomcides more than the stronge volume that accumulates up to the height of "DS."

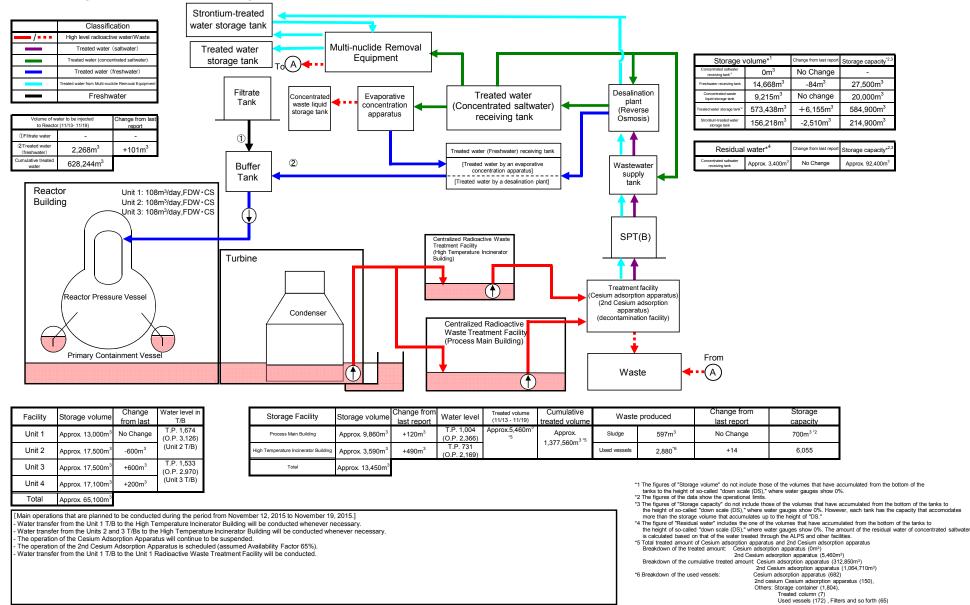
*5 The figure of "Residual water" includes the one of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of so-called "down scale (DS)," where water gauges show 0%. The amount of the residual water of concentrated

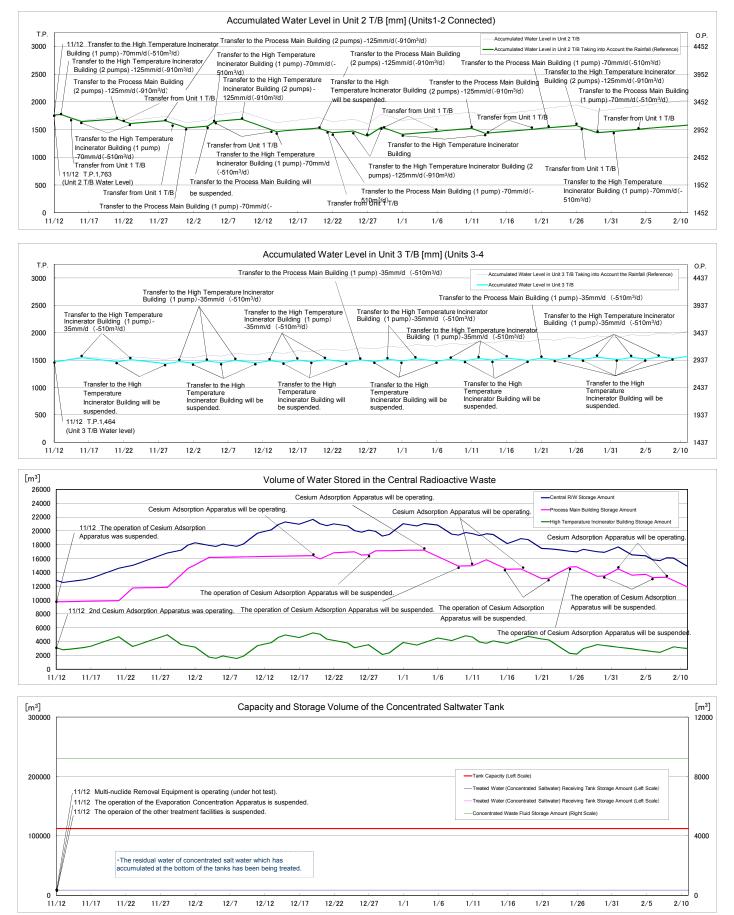
coltwate is calculated based on that of the water treated through the ALPS and other facilities.

is calculated based on mat or the water freated innough the ALP's and onter fractules. 6° The data shown here are those of Co-137. 7° Total treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus and 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus Breakdown of the treated amount. Cesium adsorption apparatus (60m⁻¹) 2nd Cesium adsorption apparatus (580m⁻¹) Breakdown of the cumulative treated amount. Cesium adsorption apparatus (580m⁻¹)

Breakdown of the cumulative treated amount. Cleasum adsorption apparatus (312,850m⁻¹) 27 Cleasum adsorption apparatus (199,952,60m⁻¹) 38 The data of the water levels in the Reador Buildings are the data as of 7 a.m., November 12. 39 Breakdown of the used vessels: Casium adsorption apparatus (352) 2nd cesium Cesium adsorption apparatus (350) Others: Storage container (1,791), Treated column(7), Used vessel (171), Filters and so forth (85)

Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of November 19, 2015)





- The amount of water treated with the 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus is estimated to be 780m³/d (Subject to change depending on the factors such as the levels of water accumulated in T/Bs.)

- "Accumulated Water Levels in Unit 2 and 3 T/Bs" are simulated water levels in consideration of the change of the water levels caused by recent rainfall, inflow of groundwater, etc. in the surrounding areas of the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station.

Note

"Accumulated Water Levels in Unit 2 and 3 T/Bs Taking into Account the Rainfall" are simulated water levels which are calculated by adding to the accumulated water amounts which are assumed to increase at the rate of 5mm a day when the surrounding areas of the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station have the rainfall equal to the average amount of rain which fell for three months from August to October in 2008 to 2010.