- 1. The calculation of the Average Fuel Price
- ① Calculate the 3-month average fuel price for each fuel type (i.e. crude oil, LNG, and coal).
- @ Multiply the average fuel prices in @ above by the respective conversion factors, and add all the numbers together.

(Below are the prices provided in the Trade Statistics of Japan published by the Ministry of Finance Japan)

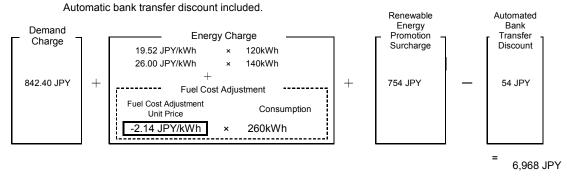
		Jan Mar. 2012	Dec. 2017 - Feb. 2018 Jan. 2018- Mar. 2018 (for June 2018)					
		(at the time of rate revision)	(for May 2018)	Ave	erage	Jan. 2018	Feb. 2018	Mar. 2018
Crude Oil	(JPY/kl)	57,802	45,503	45	,737	45,681	46,945	44,738
LNG	(JPY/t)	67,548	49,826	51	,334	50,381	51,544	52,107
Coal	(JPY/t)	11,452	11,946	11	,935	11,838	12,151	11,825
Average Fuel Price(JPY/kl) 44,200			34,100			(detailed data) (detailed data) (preliminary da < Conversion Factor > Crude Oil Conversion Factor × Caloric Component Ratio		
	Crude Oil Price		45,737	JPY/kl	×	0.1970	(α)	
	LNG	51,334 JPY/ t		×	0.4435	(β)		
+)	Coal	Price	11,935	JPY/ t	×	0.2512	(γ)	
			<u> </u>	(Maximu		um unit: 100 JPY) Rounded off to the nearest 10		
	Average Fuel Price			34,800	JPY/k	(compared	d with the previous	s period: +700JP

2. The calculation of the Fuel Cost Adjustment Unit Price (in the case of Low-Voltage Supply)

3. The calculation of the Electricity Rates for June 2018 (in the case of the average model)

*The fuel cost adjustment price, which is calculated by multiplying the fuel cost adjustment unit price by the amount of power consumed, is included in the electricity rates.

Example: For the customers of 30A meter-rate lighting B with 260kWh of electricity consumption per month.



 $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ The calculated electricity rates above include a consumption tax and other costs.