Situation of Storage and Treatment of Accumulated Water including Highly Concentrated Radioactive Materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (413rd Release)

August 5, 2019 Tokyo Electric Power Company Holdings, Inc.

1. Introduction

This document is to report the following matters in accordance with the instruction of "Installment of treatment facility and storing facility of water including highly concentrated radioactive materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station of the Tokyo Electric Power Company (Instruction) "(NISA No. 6, June 8, 2011), dated on June 9, 2011.

<Instruction>

TEPCO should report to NISA the situation of storing and treatment of the contaminated water in the Power Station and the future forecast based upon the current situation has to be reported to NISA as soon as the treatment facility starts its operation. Also, subsequently, continued report has to be submitted to NISA once a week until the treatment of the accumulated water in the Central Radioactive Waste Treatment Facility is completed.

2. Situation of storing and treatment of accumulated water in the building (actual record)

Stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)) and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility as of August 1, 2019 are shown in the Attachment -1.

3. Forecast of storing and treatment

(1) Short term forecast

Water transfer in Units 1 and 2 and Units 3 and 4 is planned based on the stored amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities and the operating situation of the radioactive material treatment equipment and the subdrain catchment facility. Water is transferred to the Process Main Building and/or High Temperature Incinerator Building as Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

Treatment is implemented considering the state of storage and transfer of Accumulated Water Storing Facilities.

We assume stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condenser and trench)), and stored and treated amounts, and other related data in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities as of August 8, 2019, are shown in Attachment -2.

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(2) Middle term forecast

Regarding accumulated water in Units 1 and 2 buildings and Units 3 and 4 buildings, from the viewpoint of reducing the risks of discharging to the ocean and leaking into the groundwater, it is necessary to keep enough capacity for the accumulated water in the building until its level reaches TP. 2,564 and to keep the accumulated water level lower than the groundwater level.

On the other hand, based on the view of limiting inflow of underwater to buildings and reducing the amount of emerged accumulated water, we are planning to transfer accumulated water keeping specific water-level difference between accumulated water in the building around and subdrain water and making the lowest floor surface of buildings other than Units 1 to 3 reactor buildings where circulating water is injected into exposed by 2020.

As for accumulated water of the Process Main Building and the High Temperature Incinerator Building, we are planning to treat the accumulated water considering the situation of construction of middle and low level waste water tanks, the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and duration for maintenance.

We forecast stored amounts in each unit building (Units 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)), and storing and treatment situations in the Accumulated Water Storing Facilities for the next 3 months, as shown in Attachment -3.

Stored amounts in each building and the water storage equipment are forecasted to be unchanged in case transfer and treatment were implemented as scheduled without rain. However, it would be subject to change depending on the operation factor of the radioactive material treatment instruments and so on.

Also, the water treated at the radioactive material treatment equipment (fresh water and condensed salt water) can be stored in the middle and low level waste water tanks.

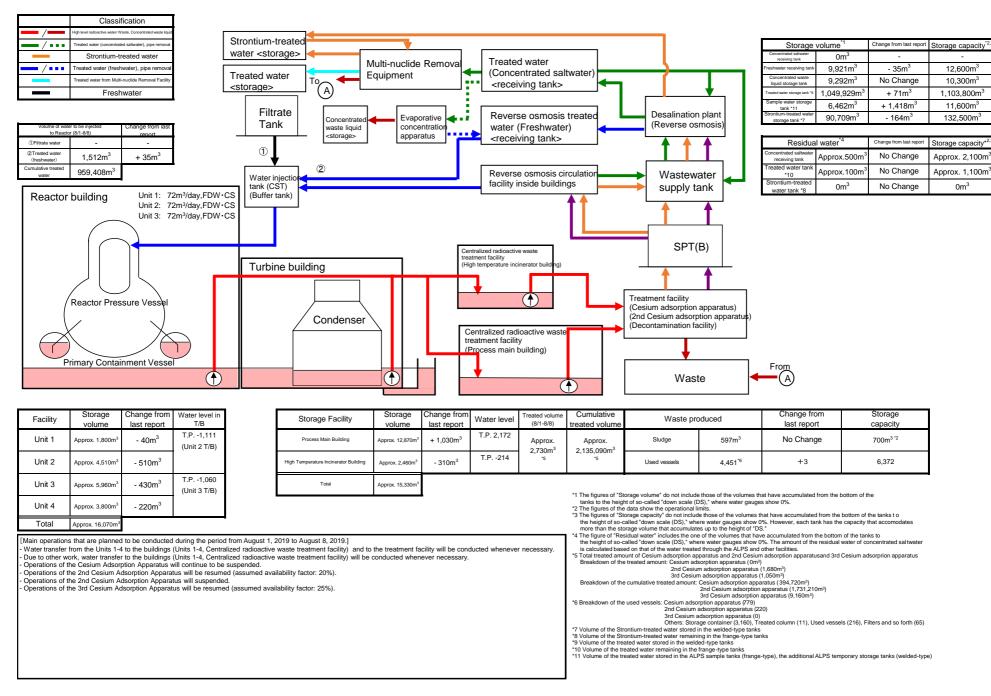
END

Attachment-1

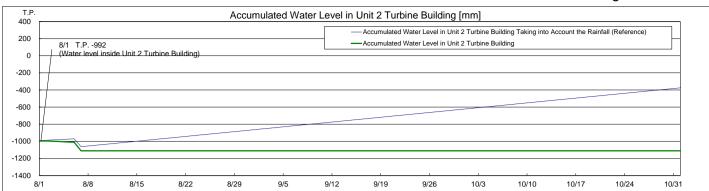
Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of August 1, 2019)

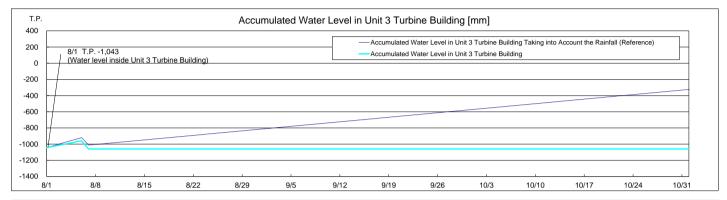
Storage c Classifica High level redoactive water Value, Strontium-trea	ation Concentrated waste liquid Itwater), pipe removal ted water	St	rontium-tre	ated	•		Treated			August 1, 2	:019)	Storage volume ^{11,2} Concentrated advanter receiving tank Pretawater recoving tank 9,956 Concentrated water liquid storage tank 9,292 Trated water toroget tank 12 1,049,8	³ - im ³ - 37m ³ im ³ + 1m ³	ort Storage capacity ^{-3,4} - 12,600m ³ 10,300m ³ 1,103,800m ³
Treated water from Multi-nuc Freshwa	ide Removal Facility		eated wate storage>		Iulti-nuclide quipment	Removal	(Conce	ntrated salt /ing tank>	water)		_	Sample water storage tank ¹⁴ Strontium-treated water storage tank ¹⁰ 90,873	m ³ - 270m ³	11,600m ³ 132,500m ³
Volume of water to be injected to Reactor (7/25-8/1)	report - - 17m ³	-	Filtrat Tank	Concentrated	Evapor concer appara	ntration	water (e osmosis Freshwater /ing tank>		Desalination plar (Reverse osmos		Residual water *** Concentrated saltwater tank Approx. : Treated water tank *13 Approx. : Strontium-treated water tank *11 Om	100m ³ No Change	storage capacity* ^{3,4} Approx. 2,100m ³ Approx. 1,100m ³ 0m ³
Reactor building	Unit 1: 68m ³ Unit 2: 68m ³ Unit 3: 70m ³		Water inje tank (CST (Buffer tar					e osmosis ion facility in:	side	Wastewater supply tank		Storage volume Wastewater supply tank 716r SPT(B) 1,788		Storage volume*3 1,200m ³ 3,100m ³
			Turbine	building		trea	ntralized radioactiv atment facility gh temperature inc			SPT(B)		Before/After Desalination Before/After Reverse Osmosis C Before/After Evaporative Conce	n 580ppm/4ppm (Sar irculatior 300ppm/3ppm (Sar	e concentration Sampled on June 4, 2019) mpled on February 14, 2019) —
Reactor Pressu Primary Containm)		Condenser	÷	w	entralized rad aste treatmen process main	t facility		Treatment facility (Cesium adsorption appa (2nd Cesium adsorption a (Decontamination facility) Waste	apparatus)	Place of Sampling Process Main Buildi Exit of cesium adsorption app Exit of decontamination High Temperature Incinerator II Exit of second cesium adsorption a	ng 3.3E+07 Bq/L (S aratus 3.8E+03 Bq/L (Sa facility 3uilding 5.9E+07 Bq/L (S	ity concentration ⁶ sampled on June 4, 2019) impled on March 22, 2019) ampled on March 22, 2019) sampled on April 10, 2019) sampled on June 4, 2019)
	hange from Wa last report	ater level in T/B * ⁸		Storage facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level	Treated volume (7/25-8/1)	Cumulative treated volume	Waste produc	ed	Change from last report	Storage capacity	
Unit 1 Approx. 1,840m ³	lo Change	-		Process Main Building	Approx. 11,840m ³	+ 90m ³	T.P. 1,732	Approx. 3,150m ³	Approx. 2,132,360m ³	Sludge	597m ³	No Change	700m ^{3*3}	
Unit 2 Approx. 5,020m ³	100m° ***	.P 992		High Temperature Incinerator Building	Approx. 2,770m ³	- 520m ³	T.P. 44	*7	*7	Used vessels	4,448 ^{*9}	+8	6,372	
Unit 3 Approx. 6.390m³ + 60m³ T.P 1,043 Unit 4 Approx. 4,020m³ + 30m³ 1T.P 1,286 Total Approx. 14,610m³ Total Approx. 17,270m³ [Main operations that have been conducted during the period from July 25, 2019 (the previous announcement data) to August 1, 2019.] Water transfer from the Units 1-4 to the buildings (Units 1-4, Centralized radioactive waste treatment facility) and to the treatment facility was conducted whenever necessary. • Due to other work, water transfer to the buildings (Units 1-4, Centralized radioactive waste treatment facility) was conducted whenever necessary. • Operations of the Cesium Adsorption Apparatus have been suspended. • From July 30, operations of the 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus have been suspended; the availability factor is 38% (previous simulated :30%). • Operations of the 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus have been suspended. • Storage capacity of treated water was changed as operations of new tanks started.								 ¹¹ The figures of the data are tracted as a reference, because water lovels during water transfer are not stable. ²² The figures of the starge structures during inclusion are that full starge transf. (approx. 100m²). ²³ Transference of the starge structures during inclusion are that full starge transf. (approx. 100m²). ²⁴ Transference of the data show the operational limits. ²⁵ The figures of the data show the operational limits. ²⁵ The figures of the data show the operational limits. ²⁵ The figures of the starge transference of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of too-called draw starge light of tools. ²⁵ The figures of Storage capacity' do not include those of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of too-called draw starge light) of tools. ²⁵ The figures of Viscorage capacity' do not include those of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of too-called draw starge lights. ²⁶ The figures of Viscorage capacity' do not include those of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of Resulta visce' includes those of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the height of Resulta visce' includes those of the volumes that have accumulated from the bottom of the tanks to the stabilate of concentrated sativater is calculated based on that of the water treated through the ALPS and other facilities. ²⁶ The data show here are those of Ca-137. ²⁷ To fail treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus (170m¹). ²⁷ Accel treated amount of Cesium adsorption apparatus (170m¹). ²⁷ Cesium adsorption apparatus (170m¹). ²⁷ Cesium adsorption apparatus (170m¹). ²⁷ The data of the vater levels in the Reactor Build						
									*11 *12 *13	Volume of the Strontium-treated water stor Volume of the Strontium-treated water rem Volume of the treated water stored in the w Volume of the treated water stored in the A volume of the treated water stored in the A and the high performance ALPS temporary Decrease of the Unit 2 seawater piping tre	aining in the frange-t velded-type tanks he frange-type tanks	type tanks	ary storage tanks (welded-type)	

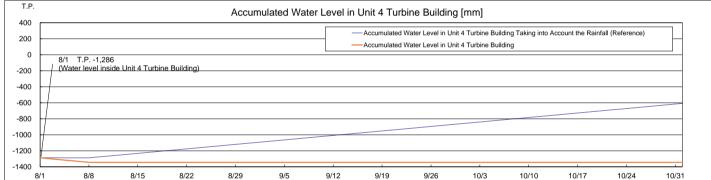
Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of August 8, 2019)

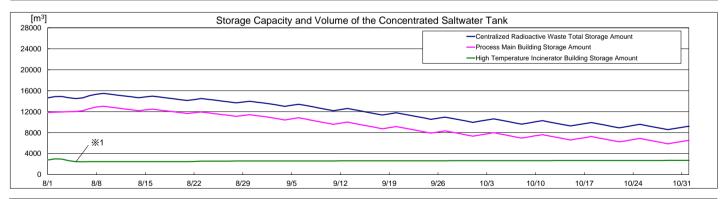


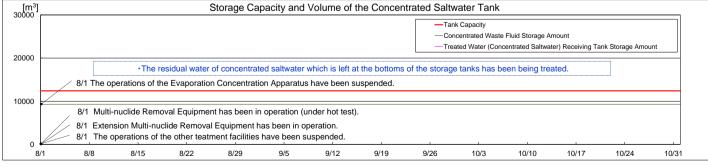
Attachment-3











Note

- The amount of water treated through the 2nd Cesium Adsorption Apparatus is estimated to be 780m ³/d (Subject to change depending on the factors such as the levels of water accumulated in T/Bs.) - "Accumulated Water Levels in Unit 2, 3 and 4 T/Bs" are simulated water levels in consideration of the change of the water level scaused by recent rainfall, inflow of groundwater, etc. in the surrounding areas of the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station.

* Accumulated Water Levels in Unit 2, 3 and 4 T/Bs Taking into Account the Rainfall* are simulated water levels which are calc ulated by adding to the accumulated water amounts which are assumed to increase at the rate of 8mm a day when the surrounding areas of the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station have the rainfall equal to the averageamount of rain which fell for three months from August to October in 2015 to 2017. - Unit 2 Turbine Building water level is controled by retained water transfer pumps in the Unit 2 reactor building.

- Unit 4 Turbine Building water level is controled by retained water transfer pumps in the Unit 4 turbine building

X1 Storage place of water transported from the Units 1-4 will be changed over from the high temperature incinerator building to the process main building.